

Herald Tribune

INTERNATIONAL

Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

Austria	..... 7 5/8	Libya	..... 9 1/2
Belgium	..... 10 1/8	Luxembourg	..... 10 1/8
Denmark	..... 1 3/4	Netherlands	..... 0.85
France	..... 1.00	Norway	..... 1.25
Germany	..... 1.00	Portugal	..... 6 Esc.
Great Britain	..... 1/2	Spain	..... 12 Ptas.
Greece	..... 8 Drs.	Sweden	..... 1.50
India	..... 1.25	Switzerland	..... 1.00
Iran	..... 20 Rials	Turkey	..... 4.25
Italy	..... 1.00	U.S. Military	..... \$1.20
Japan	..... 1.00	Yugoslavia	..... 1.00

TODAY'S WEATHER—PARIS: Partly cloudy, showers. Temp. 73-84 (23-21). Tomorrow cooler. Yesterday's temp. 79-85 (26-13). LONDON: Sunny. Temp. 70-82 (21-12). Tomorrow similar. Yesterday's temp. 82-90 (28-16). CHANNEL: Moderate to rough. ROMEO: Sunny. Temp. 80-88 (27-15). NEW YORK: Sunny. Temp. 80-85 (27-13). Yesterday's temp. 85-70 (29-21). ADDITIONAL WEATHER—PAGE 2

No. 27,526

PARIS, FRIDAY, JULY 16, 1971

Established 1887

Guerrillas 'Evicted' By Jordan Mediation Group Sent by Syria

AMMAN, July 15 (UPI)—The Jordanian government said today that King Hussein's army has flushed Palestinian guerrillas from their strongholds around the ancient Roman city of Jerash, 25 miles north of Amman.

An Interior Ministry spokesman said the guerrillas "have been evicted" and moved to new areas.

Soon after, a Syrian mediation mission arrived in Amman in a peace move. The mission members—Syrian Army officers and Palestinian leaders—drove to the Jordanian capital, planning to talk to government leaders and visit combat areas.

In Beirut, guerrillas said army units—many of which are made up of bedouins fanatically loyal to Hussein—attacked their hillside bases today for the third straight day.

Guerrilla leader Yasser Arafat called on the guerrillas to stand fast. In a message issued from his headquarters in Dera, in south Syria, he said, "We are fighting to defend not ourselves, but the Arab nation. The blood of our heroes will not be wasted."

The Interior Ministry spokesman did not specify which areas the guerrillas moved into or when the "eviction" took place.

A government spokesman later said that the commandos had been taken to Jordan Valley and the Israeli-Jordanian cease-fire line. Reuters reported, this area is not populated "in contrast with the Jerash and Ajloun areas from which they were dislodged," he said.

Heaviest Fighting in Months

There was no indication how many guerrillas took part in the fighting, which began early Tuesday, or the exact scale of the battles. However, local news items said the fighting was the heaviest since the last April that led to the government evicting all guerrillas from Amman.

Some 3,000 guerrillas originally grouped in the hills and woods around Jerash and Ajloun. Some of them gathered there to regain strength after their defeat in the civil war last September. Hundreds more joined them after being ordered out of Amman and other cities.

Syria made its peace move after Mr. Arafat met with Syrian President Hafez Assad in Damascus.

Damascus radio said the Syrian chief of staff, Maj. Gen. Mustafa Tlas, telephoned Jordanian Premier Wasfi Taji and senior army officers, who agreed to receive a peace mission of officers and guerrilla chiefs.

17 Members Propose UN Seat Peking

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., July 15 (Reuters)—Seventeen nations formally proposed today the admission of the People's Republic of China and the expulsion of the Chinese Assembly session which will open Sept. 21.

The list of sponsors was the same as last year except for the omission of Pakistan.

In 1970, for the first time, they obtained a simple majority for the resolution to admit Peking, but the assembly had already decided that a two-thirds majority was necessary for any change in representation.

In today's draft of an annual resolution about Chinese representation, Peking's supporters also called for Red China's seating on the Security Council as a permanent member—in place of Nationalist China.

The five permanent Council members—the United States, Britain, France, the Soviet Union and the Chinese representative—have the right to veto UN deliberative decisions. The ten other Security Council seats, filled on a rotating basis, do not entail veto rights.

Today's draft resolution for the seating of Peking was the first to specify that it be given a Security Council seat with the veto right. Previous resolutions by Peking's supporters had only implied that such a status should be conferred.

Sponsors of today's draft resolution were Albania, Algeria, Cuba, Guinea, Iraq, Mali, Mauritania, Southern Yemen, Congo (Brazzaville), Tanzania, Romania, Somalia, Sudan, Syria, Yemen, Yugoslavia and Zambia.

The annual bid to seat Peking in the UN has never been made so far in advance of the opening of the assembly.



TALKS—Egypt's President Anwar Sadat, left, conferring with Libyan Premier Moamer Kaddafi, center, and Abdel Moneim Alhouni, member of Libyan Revolutionary Council, Tuesday in west Egyptian town of Mersa Matruh.

Says Monarch 'Still Believes in Divine Right'

Heikal, Cairo Editor, Condemns King Hassan

By Raymond H. Anderson

CAIRO, July 15 (NYT)—Mohammed Hassanein Heikal, Cairo's leading editor and an influential political adviser, criticized the strained silence by Arab foes of the "eviction" took place.

Coup Attempt In Morocco Seen Rightist

FABAT, July 15 (AP)—The Moroccan Army Command today ordered reserve non-commissioned officers to report to the big military school at Ahermoumou, the starting point of Saturday's bloody army revolt against King Hassan II.

With army morale reeling under the effects of the bloodbath, the center had to be reactivated quickly to preserve discipline and morale.

Meanwhile, Hassan announced imminent changes in his "way of governing the country." Moroccan sources said this could mean a political liberalization and a "turn to the left" in some domestic policies.

The Ahermoumou training center in eastern Morocco is the largest in the country. Of the center's 1,400 noncommissioned officer trainees, once regarded as the cream of the army's young recruits, only a handful were still active and considered trustworthy.

Commander Killed

The former commander of the center, Col. Mohammed Ababou, described as the brain behind the attempted coup, was killed in Saturday's fighting. Some 250 of his men also died, scores of others were hospitalized and most of the remainder—reportedly more than 1,000—were in military detention awaiting trial by a newly established state security tribunal.

Interior Minister Gen. Mohammed Oufkir, the strongman of Hassan's regime, told the Paris newspaper Le Monde yesterday that the NCO trainees would be executed.

But other military sources said a number of junior officers may eventually face a firing squad. The sources said some have already been executed.

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 1)

Heath and His Yacht Bob In Rough Going in Commons

LONDON, July 15 (UPI)—Prime Minister Edward Heath told jeering Laborite opposition lawmakers today he intends to carry on with his weekend hobby of yachting regardless of their jibes.

Interrupted by Labor party jeers, Mr. Heath snapped: "I am quite capable of doing my job as prime minister and at the same time taking the necessary recreation like any other sensible person in this country. I intend to go on doing so whatever jibes you make to me."

Mr. Heath has spent recent weekends sailing his new yacht Morning Cloud II in races off the British coast.

He delivered his angry retort after Eric Heffer, a left-wing Labor backbencher, said: "People in this country believe that while you are sailing around the coast you are not concerned with rising unemployment, rising prices and attacks on the social services."

Mr. Heath replied: "I don't propose to comment on these cheap, petty-minded jibes."

When Labor leader Harold Wilson accused Mr. Heath of "petulance" and "complacency," Mr. Heath retorted: "I am in no way complacent. When it comes to questions of cheap, petty jibes, we would expect you to join in."

Later, Mr. Heath confirmed he will captain the British team in the Admirals Cup yacht races at the end of July and beginning of August.

described the 42-year-old monarch as "one of the most brilliant men among modern-day Arab rulers," and expressed the opinion that Hassan, through a "miracle," could still open a new page in his relations with the Moroccan people.

The main instruments of oppression in Morocco, Mr. Heikal continued, are the police, under the Minister of Interior, Gen. Mohammed Oufkir, and the army.

The army, he said, is "unique," and added: "It is mostly composed of professionals under a leadership that is entirely isolated from the people and thus has become a horrifying instrument of suppression."



The partly collapsed church of Sorbolo near Parma, after a pre-dawn earthquake jolted Northern Italy yesterday.

Only Two Fatalities Northern Italian Cities Rocked By Quake—Thousands Panic

PARMA, Italy, July 15 (UPI)—A pre-dawn earthquake shook almost every major Italian city north of Rome today, leaving two persons dead and sending thousands fleeing in panic from their homes.

The earthquake was felt over a 25,000-square-mile area stretching from the Ligurian Sea to the Adriatic. It jarred Genoa, Venice, Milan, Padua, Bologna, Parma, Florence, Ferrara, Piacenza, Modena, Reggio Emilia and Parma—all the major northern cities except undisturbed Turin.

Authorities said a 47-year-old woman dropped dead of a heart attack while fleeing her home in Guastalla and a man died in Reggio Emilia.

"Many" other persons were hurt, police said, during wild scrambles into open fields and parks in other cities and towns.

Geologists estimated the force of the earthquake at between two and four on the 12-point Mercalli scale and said it came at 3:33 a.m.

10:33 GMT. Some places reported it lasted as long as 30 seconds.

Then, geologists said, two light tremors followed at 9:33 a.m.

10:33 GMT. Neither caused any damage.

The earthquake, which in places came with a loud rumble, toppled television aerials, cracked walls, damaged old buildings and sent masonry crashing down on parked cars.

Parma was left without electricity for an hour.

Authorities said the earthquake apparently did not disturb ten of thousands of tourists jamming Adriatic and Ligurian resorts. Nor, they said, did northern art treasures sustain any damage.

In towns and villages along the banks of the Po River, thousands of persons ran to the water's edge.

It was the country's most severe earthquake since early February when a series of shocks killed 23 persons in the ancient Etruscan center of Tuscania.

No Movement at Paris U.S. Insists Peace Plan Of Reds Be 'Clarified'

By Anatole Shub

PARIS, July 15 (WP)—The United States today held to long-established Nixon administration policy while seeking clarifications of major and minor points in the Vietnamese Communists' July 1 seven-point peace plan.

At the 121st session of the Vietnam peace talks here, U.S. negotiator David K.E. Bruce challenged last week to say which of the seven points were or were not acceptable—replied that "we will need much more explanation from you as to what your points actually mean."

In a prepared statement, Ambassador Bruce commented cautiously, but largely negatively, on some of the Communist points, and then went on to pose five questions, ranging from the idea of a general cease-fire to whether Communist offers to release U.S. prisoners included captives taken in Laos and Cambodia.

North Vietnamese negotiator Xuan Thuy quickly charged that the Nixon administration was "attempting by various maneuvers, to drag out the negotiations by failing to respond seriously to the seven points."

Mrs. Nguyen Thi Binh, of the Viet Cong, then challenged Mr. Bruce again to state which of the seven points the United States considered positive.

"As I understand what the American delegate has said," Mrs. Binh said, "they are all negative. Is that correct or not?"

Mr. Bruce did not choose to speak again in the discussion, either to answer Mrs. Binh's challenge or to press his own questions, which the Communists had ignored.

Clear Stance

In his prepared comments on the key Communist points, however, Mr. Bruce had made clear that—despite, or because of, a worldwide fact-finding tour by presidential national security adviser Henry A. Kissinger—administration policy had not been altered in any way in response to the Communist July 1 proposal.

On the Communists' first point, offering the release of U.S. prisoners captured in North and South Vietnam simultaneous with complete withdrawal this year of all U.S. forces from South Vietnam, Mr. Bruce's answer was virtually identical in wording to a speech made by President Nixon on Oct. 7, 1970. Mr. Bruce said:

"We have long been ready to negotiate a timetable for complete withdrawals as part of an overall settlement."

The use of the plural "withdrawals" indicated that the United States continued to insist on "mutual" withdrawal of North Vietnamese as well as U.S. forces from South Vietnam.

Mr. Bruce's response also reiterated the White House views that the United States cannot agree to total military withdrawal without assurances of Communist respect for an independent, non-Communist South Vietnam.

"The fixing of a withdrawal date," Mr. Bruce continued, "must be the result of a genuine negotiating process, not a price we must pay just for negotiations to begin or a unilateral action we must take because you so dictate."

In presenting their seven-point plan, Communist spokesmen had indicated that President Nixon would not have to proclaim a withdrawal date publicly, but could communicate it to them privately.

They also hinted at willingness to enter secret talks with the United States, and later said publicly that a private meeting with Mr. Kissinger would be "welcomed" by Xuan Thuy or by

Le Duc Tho, the North Vietnamese Politburo member whose return to Paris June 24 (after an absence dating from April, 1970) signaled the new Communist line.

Asked today whether there had been any private contacts between any members of the U.S. and North Vietnamese delegations in the last two weeks, the Hanoi spokesman, Nguyen Thanh Le, answered with a flat "no."

Observers speculated whether once again the U.S. delegation was deliberately refraining from picking up the telephone and proposing secret talks with Le Duc Tho, as had been the case in a much-disputed sequence in the winter of 1969-70. That sequence ended with the U.S. invasion of Cambodia and the departure of Le Duc Tho for Hanoi.

From Wire Dispatches

SAIGON, July 15.—South Vietnam's presidential race heated further today, with President Nguyen Van Thieu accusing Vice-President Nguyen Cao Ky of slandering him, and with a third potential candidate, Gen. Duong Van (Big) Minh, asserting that the United States is trying to engineer Mr. Thieu's re-election.

Mr. Minh, 56, a retired general, said Ambassador Ellsworth Bunker's continued presence would assure Mr. Thieu's retention of the presidency in the Oct. 3 election. Mr. Minh also accused President Thieu of repressing his opposition.

"Bunker is a great specialist in elections of this type," Mr. Minh charged. "He succeeded in the Dominican Republic, he succeeded in (the last presidential elec-

tion) in Vietnam in 1967 and he will succeed again in October."

"All my American friends have told me that he strongly supports Thieu and that a free and honest election will be very difficult with the presence of Ambassador Bunker," Mr. Minh asserted.

Mr. Bunker and President Thieu conferred for 90 minutes today at the presidential palace in what observers said was an extraordinary session.

It was believed, however, that their discussion centered on the Paris peace talks and on the general review of the Indochina war now being undertaken at the Western White House in San Clemente, Calif.

Mr. Thieu said that the charges Mr. Ky made yesterday against his presidency were "aimed only at campaigning" and, if anything, would profit only the Communists.

The president said that South Vietnam "has many other important problems at the present time" that he must solve. He said that at a time when all the people and the armed forces must concentrate their efforts to defeat the Communist aggressors, it is not the time for him to debate with Mr. Ky.

The vice-president had asserted that Mr. Thieu is responsible for a society "riddled" with unprecedented injustice and corruption, and he accused the president of dictatorial practices and maneuvering to rig the Oct. 3 voting.

The Thieu-dominated national legislature recently enacted an election-reform law requiring that a presidential hopeful garner endorsement from 40 of the 135 National Assembly members or from 100 of the approximately 550 city and provincial council-

ors.

WASHINGTON, July 15 (Reuters)—The American discount rate, charged by the central bank to commercial banks for short-term money, was raised today to 5 percent from 4.75 percent.

It was the first official acknowledgement of a relentless climb in the cost of borrowing.

The trend, which started in the early summer, has been decelerated by the administration as an unnecessary brake on economic recovery.

The increase, effective tomorrow, was approved by the Federal Reserve Board for four of the 12 branches of the Federal Reserve System, including New York.

The other Federal Reserve banks will probably quickly follow the lead.

The move in the discount rate is the first since a one-quarter percent cut last February.

In addition to the New York branch, the Federal Reserve banks of Philadelphia, St. Louis and San Francisco will also raise their rates tomorrow morning.

In recent years the rate has tended to follow private interest rates rather than guide them, but it is still regarded as an important indication of official monetary policy.

In announcing the change today, the board said the action was intended to bring the discount rate into closer alignment with other short-term interest rates.

House Committee Votes for Reforms

Ban Urged on U.S. Aid to Greece, Pakistan

By Henry Tanner

WASHINGTON, July 15 (NYT)—The House Foreign Affairs Committee voted today to withhold all military and economic assistance for Pakistan and Greece.

The action on Pakistan proposes to cut off United States funds until East Pakistani refugees have been returned to their homes and "reasonable stability" has been achieved in the country where the army crushed an East Pakistani movement for political autonomy.

The action on Greece was a reversal of the vote yesterday, when the committee narrowly defeated—by 14 votes to 12—another cut-off proposal in the form of an amendment offered

by Rep. Wayne L. Hays, D., Ohio, to the administration's \$3.3 billion foreign aid authorization bill.

Today's vote was on a joint amendment offered by Rep. Hays and Rep. Paul Findley, R., Ill. It passed, 17 to 12.

The vote on Pakistan was 17 to 6 in favor of an amendment offered by Rep. Cornelius E. Gallagher, D., N.J.

The administration has asked Congress to authorize \$118.3 million in economic aid, \$5.5 million in military aid and \$8 million in technical assistance for Pakistan, for the fiscal year that began July 1.

The request for Greece is \$117.9 million in military aid for the new fiscal year, a massive increase over the \$60.3 million for last

year. No economic aid for Greece was given last year and none was requested for this year.

Congressional sources said today that the chances were excellent that the entire House would go along with the committee's recommendations.

In the Senate, the feeling against military aid to the two countries has been even stronger than in the House.

Sen. Edward M. Kennedy, D., Mass., said in a statement today that the administration had confronted Congress "too long" with "misleading statements" about its policy of supplying arms to Pakistan. He added that he had requested the General Accounting Office to make a complete investigation into the volume and

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 4)

سكان من الدول

Bruce Denies He Resigned; Rift in U.S. Team Hinted?

By Anatole Shub

PARIS, July 15 (UPI)—Although the White House has confirmed that Ambassador David Bruce is leaving the Paris peace talks, the ambassador himself rekindled controversy over the report today by saying in response to a question: "I have not resigned. I would rather not go any further into that one."

Mr. Bruce's retirement was first reported shortly before midnight in Washington Monday, some five hours after presidential adviser Henry Kissinger left Paris, where he had conferred most of the day with the U.S. negotiator.

The summer White House at San Clemente, Calif., later explained that Mr. Bruce had informed President Nixon on May 26 that he wished to retire because of a circulatory ailment, but that the President had urged him to stay on as long as possible.

There has been considerable speculation here as to the curious timing and manner of the disclosure of Mr. Bruce's retirement—speculation further stimulated by Mr. Bruce's cryptic remark today.

As ambassador to London in 1967, Mr. Bruce played a key role in the attempt by Harold Wilson, then British Prime Minister, to mediate the war through Soviet Premier Alexei Kosygin, then visiting London.

Mr. Bruce is known to believe that the United States has been an important negotiating partner in the last few days, both the White House and the U.S. press spokesman here, Stephen Ledogar, have branded as "totally false" reports of policy differences between Mr. Bruce and the administration.

However, the speculation over policy differences has been intensified by the hasty return to Paris Tuesday of Philip Habib, No. 2 in the peace talks delegation under both Mr. Bruce and his predecessor, Henry Cabot Lodge.

They left behind about 500 troops to man a newly opened artillery and patrol base at a few miles inside Cambodia in the Parrot's Beak sector.

During the operation, the base force failed to make any significant contact with Communist units and was hampered by flood conditions in the Parrot's Beak area of paddies and marshes.

They had hoped to trap a 400-man North Vietnamese regiment believed to be in the area as well as uncover enemy arms and supply caches.

Question of Stature The appointment last summer of Mr. Bruce, a Maryland Democrat, came after mounting criticism as well as Communist criticism that the Nixon administration was "downgrading" the Paris

Field reports said, meanwhile that South Vietnamese engineers had finished rebuilding Phnom Penh, a mountain-top outpost near the Demilitarized Zone, overran briefly June 23 by the North Vietnamese.

PHNOM PENH, July 15 (UPI)—The Cambodian government yesterday asked for the death penalty for two sons of deposed Prince Norodom Sihanouk, charged with political murder and collaboration with the enemy.

They sat passively in a packed Phnom Penh military courtroom when charges against them were read, and the death penalty demanded.



DANGER—A U.S. Army truck carrying poisonous mustard gas shells in Tengan, Okinawa, approaches a Navy pier where the dangerous cargo is to be loaded aboard ship and sent to Johnston Island in mid-Pacific. This is first phase in removal of 13,000 tons of poisonous gas before Okinawa is returned to Japan.

House Panel Bans Greece, Pakistan Aid Chamber Expected To Support Stand

(Continued from Page 1) content of United States military supplies aid to Pakistan. "It saddens me that our great nation continues to be more efficient in moving military hardware than in arranging humanitarian relief in East Pakistan," Sen. Kennedy's statement said.

ATHENS, July 15 (NYT)—The military-backed Greek regime protested tonight that the press had misrepresented the nature of the \$118 million U.S. military aid program to Greece for the current fiscal year.

A government press release said this sum included \$80 million worth of credits for the purchase of U.S. war material at ten-year terms and a 6.5 percent interest rate. "Consequently, this sum can hardly be treated as military aid, but only as payments for facilities for the purchase of war material from national resources," the release said.

Only \$8,675,000 represented the value of military equipment granted as free military aid, the release stated. Another sum of \$11.2 million would go for freight and other administrative expenses.

A further sum of \$38 million, the regime stated, declared, "represents gratis military equipment from U.S. forces surpluses. This material is used and its value is usually estimated as if it were new," it added.

It was not clear why the regime issued such a detailed statement belittling, in a sense, the U.S. military aid program.

One theory was that it was aimed at dissuading the Americans from using military aid as leverage to force the ruling military to restore constitutional order in Greece.

The press release was issued before the news of the vote in the House Foreign Affairs Committee on aid to Greece reached Athens.

Urge End to Foreign Bases

Nordic Politicians Back Red Policy

By Joe Alex Morris
POSTOCK, East Germany, July 15.—Nordic politicians joined their Communist counterparts today in calling for elimination of foreign military bases around the world.

Delegates from Denmark, Sweden, Norway, Finland and Iceland endorsed a resolution at the sixth parliamentary conference here that "supports the liquidation of foreign military bases, the reduction of armies and of armaments in regions where the military confrontation is especially dangerous, above all in middle Europe."

The resolution came one day after Iceland announced that it would ask that American troops be withdrawn from the base at Keflavik. It did not mention the Icelandic move, however, and in fact Icelandic delegate Kristjan Pjolssson was the only signor of the resolution to voice certain reservations.

The conference included 29 Scandinavian parliamentary deputies here that "supports the liquidation of foreign military bases, the reduction of armies and of armaments in regions where the military confrontation is especially dangerous, above all in middle Europe."

The sprinkling of moderates did not prevent the parliamentarians from adopting the East German line on pressing world issues. They called for a start of preparations for a European security conference without preconditions as insisted upon by the West.

They also supported East German demands for international recognition. As expected, they endorsed the idea of full East German representation at the 1972 Stockholm Environmental Conference and insisted that this conference be held at official governmental level.

The conference was one of many meetings held in connection with the annual Baltic Sea Week here. The organizers reported increasing interest in the conference and, in fact, there were 20 more representatives here this time than in the previous year.

They included 15 Danish parliamentarians, 17 from Finland, three from Norway and two each from Sweden and Iceland. The rest came from East Germany, Poland and the Soviet Union.

None were invited from West Germany, although it also borders on the Baltic. © Los Angeles Times

House Panel Bans Greece, Pakistan Aid Chamber Expected To Support Stand

(Continued from Page 1) content of United States military supplies aid to Pakistan. "It saddens me that our great nation continues to be more efficient in moving military hardware than in arranging humanitarian relief in East Pakistan," Sen. Kennedy's statement said.

ATHENS, July 15 (NYT)—The military-backed Greek regime protested tonight that the press had misrepresented the nature of the \$118 million U.S. military aid program to Greece for the current fiscal year.

A government press release said this sum included \$80 million worth of credits for the purchase of U.S. war material at ten-year terms and a 6.5 percent interest rate. "Consequently, this sum can hardly be treated as military aid, but only as payments for facilities for the purchase of war material from national resources," the release said.

Only \$8,675,000 represented the value of military equipment granted as free military aid, the release stated. Another sum of \$11.2 million would go for freight and other administrative expenses.

A further sum of \$38 million, the regime stated, declared, "represents gratis military equipment from U.S. forces surpluses. This material is used and its value is usually estimated as if it were new," it added.

It was not clear why the regime issued such a detailed statement belittling, in a sense, the U.S. military aid program.

One theory was that it was aimed at dissuading the Americans from using military aid as leverage to force the ruling military to restore constitutional order in Greece.

The press release was issued before the news of the vote in the House Foreign Affairs Committee on aid to Greece reached Athens.

Morocco Coup Attempt Seen Rightist in Greek Army Style

(Continued from Page 1) ready been summarily executed, but gave no indication of their number.

It appeared that the ten senior officers, including four generals, singled out for Tuesday's ceremonial mass execution were those among the ringleaders who demonstrably had no popular backing or leftist sympathies.

The coup eliminated nine of the army's 13 active generals. Five rebel generals were killed in action or by firing squad, four others died on the government side.

Most of the ringleaders were millionaire aristocrats and belonged to the families of tribal leaders in the Rif mountains of northeastern Morocco.

A high Moroccan official said it was increasingly clear that the conspiracy aimed at setting up a "right-wing military dictatorship on the Greek model" to forestall a possible liberalization of Hassan's moderate, pro-Western regime.

"These men had no political backing whatsoever," the official said. "To secure themselves a measure of support among discontented elements and among extremist regimes in the Arab world, they pretended to stage a leftist revolution. In fact, they represented a last-ditch attempt of the feudal aristocracy to safeguard its ancient privileges."

To whip up the Aberrant tribes to anti-royalist violence, Ababou put his men through months of psychological conditioning. A qualified army source said they were systematically deprived of their good food and

privileges, and when they complained, he explained that the country's "corrupt rulers" were responsible.

This account contradicted the king's own version of the troops' intentions. Hassan told a news conference the men attacked because they were told palace guests were holding the king prisoner.

One source described the king's explanation as an attempt to "save the army's honor." Several eyewitnesses reported meeting truckloads of rebel soldiers who shouted: "Long live the republic."

One diplomatic source said the aims of the ringleaders seemed to be so diametrically opposed to those of the troops that "the coup even if it had succeeded—carried the seeds of its own imminent collapse."

"I am convinced that these high-living aristocratic generals and colonels would have been ousted by a real revolution within six months, plunging Morocco into a turmoil of extremist violence," the diplomat said.

The king indicated in an interview with the French news agency, Agence France-Press, that he himself committed "errors of appreciation" which contributed to the revolt.

The interview, apparently intended partly for domestic consumption, was bantered across the front page of every Moroccan newspaper today.

He said he did not intend to change his basic policies as a result of the coup. "But, of course, I will change something in the way of governing my country, beginning with myself."

U.S. Regrets Decision

BRUSSELS, July 15 (AP)—U.S. officials at the North Atlantic Alliance headquarters said today that they deeply regret that the Icelandic government has said that it wants U.S. forces there to leave.

The officials pointed out that Iceland's importance has increased with the expansion of Soviet forces in the North Atlantic.

They noted, in reply to questions, that U.S. forces have been at the Keflavik base for 20 years to man the alliance base and to defend Iceland and the North Atlantic.

The U.S. officials said that, under the terms of the 1951 agreement, there must be first a six-month period for mutual consideration of a withdrawal and then 12 months for the U.S. troops finally to pull out.

Austrian Draft 6 Months

VIENNA, July 15.—Compulsory military service in neutral Austria's armed forces was cut today from nine to six months. The measure was passed in parliament with the votes of the ruling Socialists and of the rightist Freedom party on the eve of the dissolution of the chamber.

Court Weighs Ellsberg Plea Citing Illegal Wiretapping

BOSTON, July 15 (UPI)—A federal magistrate took under advisement today a motion by lawyers for Daniel Ellsberg to dismiss a government request that he be ordered to California to stand trial for leaking secret Pentagon papers to the press.

Magistrate Peter W. Princi said that he would "obviously need more time" to inspect Mr. Ellsberg's contention that the government's case against him was obtained through allegedly illegal electronic eavesdropping.

Mr. Princi continued the hearing to July 23 to give Mr. Ellsberg's lawyers time to prepare a rebuttal to arguments by assistant U.S. Attorney Lawrence Cohen.

Lawyers acting for Mr. Ellsberg, a former Pentagon and State Department aide who is now a senior research associate at the Center for International Studies at Massachusetts Institute of Technology, filed the motion Tuesday that was the basis of arguments at today's hearing.

Mr. Ellsberg's chief attorney, Leonard B. Boudin, argued that the evidence of wiretapping should be brought out at the removal hearing in Boston rather than at a trial in Los Angeles.

Mr. Cohen argued that the U.S. District Court here does not have jurisdiction over the wiretapping charge. He said that the defendant would have full opportunity to present evidence of eavesdropping in California.

U.S. Allies in Vietnam Upset By Leaking of War Papers

MANILA, July 15 (NYT)—Allies of the United States who contributed troops for the Vietnam war met informally here today for the sixth meeting of the Asian and Pacific Council and expressed displeasure over the leak to the press of the Pentagon papers on the war.

A conference source said that Thailand's foreign minister, Thanat Khoman, raised the question in private talks with representatives of the other troop-contributing countries—South Korea, Australia, New Zealand and the Philippines—pointing out that the disclosures were one-sided and claiming that they were harmful to the interests of the American allies.

Representatives of the troop-contributing nations shared the view that the leak of the Pentagon papers had harmed and expressed displeasure over the prestige of the United States in Asia and would discourage future negotiations of a delicate nature.

Charles Romulo, foreign secretary of the Philippines, reportedly stressed that his country's as-

sistance to South Vietnam, though of a limited nature—it consisted of civic action troops—had been extended in the form believed most appropriate to South Vietnam's aspirations for national development.

The Philippine government has not commented officially on recent disclosures, based on the Pentagon Papers, that three Philippine groups had been used by the United States Central Intelligence Agency to support operations in South Vietnam.

Statement Issued Operation Brotherhood, one of those mentioned, has issued a statement on its objectives and operations: "Operation Brotherhood International had rendered service to all peoples in the areas where it has worked. It has not been engaged in any military operations other than the treatment of refugees and casualties of war, irrespective of spiritual, national or political convictions."

Although it acknowledged the support given it by the U.S. Agency for International Development and the U.S. government, Operation Brotherhood emphasized that it was sponsored by the governments of the three countries in which it operated: Laos, South Vietnam and the Philippines.

WEATHER

Table with columns for City, C, and F. Lists weather conditions for various cities including ALGARY, AMSTERDAM, ANKARA, ATHENS, BEIRUT, BERLIN, BRUSSELS, BUDAPEST, CAIRO, CASABLANCA, COSTA DEL SOL, DUBLIN, HONGKONG, LONDON, MADRID, MILAN, MONTREAL, MOSCOW, NEW YORK, NIPPON, OSAKA, PARIS, ROME, SANTIAGO, SYDNEY, TEL AVIV, TOKYO, VIENNA, WASHINGTON, ZURICH.

Million Copies Printed, Sold of Pentagon Papers

NEW YORK, July 15 (NYT)—More than a million copies of the paperback edition of "The Pentagon Papers" are in print, according to Bantam Books, the publisher.

A spokesman for Bantam said that the initial sales reports indicated that it would be the fastest-selling paperback title. The book has not yet been fully distributed, the spokesman said, adding that he expected a million-copy sale.

The 500,000-copy first printing is believed to be sold out and orders have required the printing of 1.1 million. The 377-page book, a reprint of the series that appeared in The New York Times, was published July 8 and costs \$2.25.

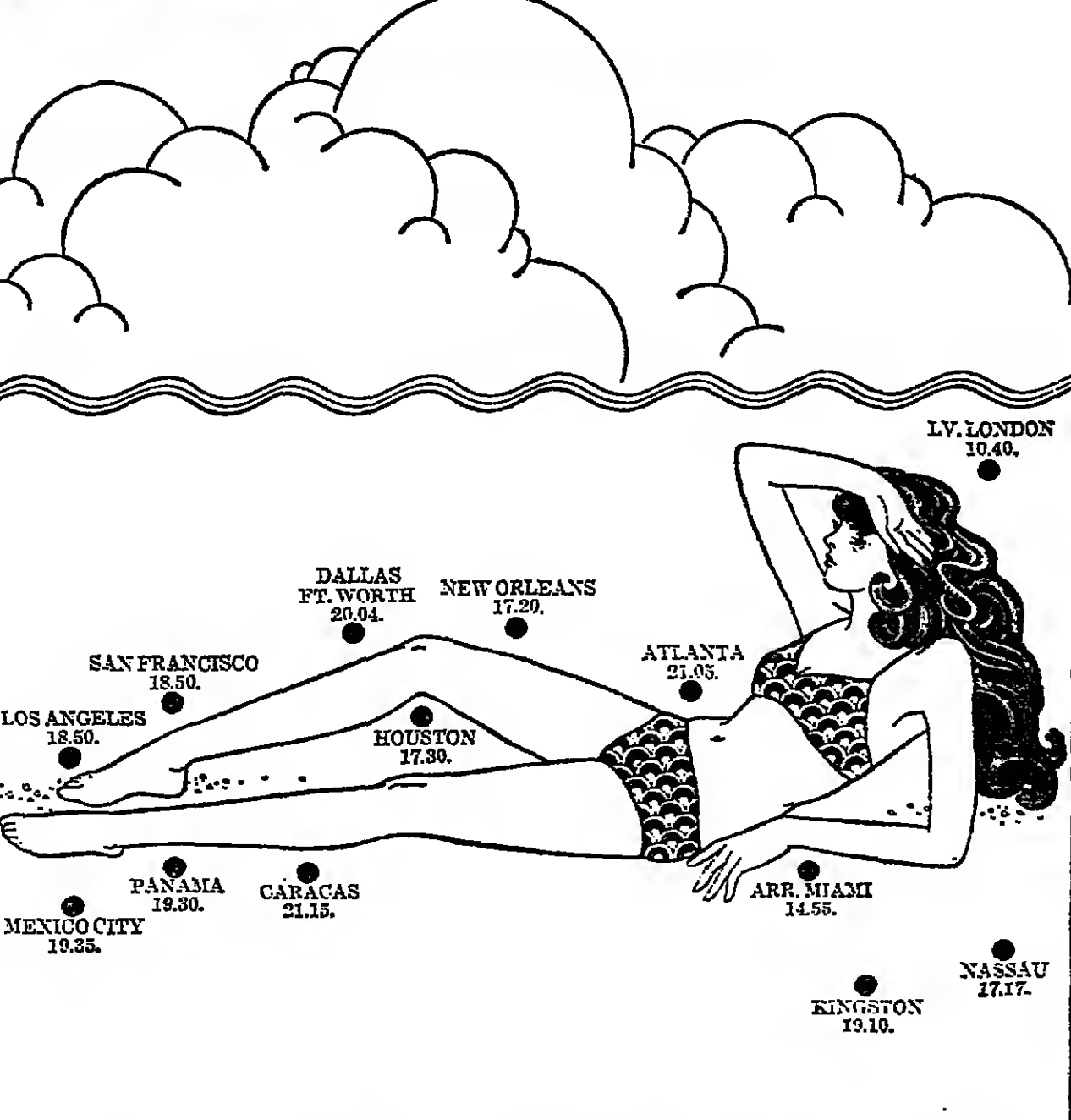
Orders have been received from the U.S. Information Agency, which asked for 250 copies, and from the three bookstores in the Pentagon, which asked for about 1,000 copies. The book is to be sold in post exchanges at U.S. military installations in Europe.

Oriental Rugs

TRADE PRICES from world's largest stock in London's historic bonded warehouses. To arrange your stock, PHONE: 01-834 0083.

CHUNN Perfumes advertisement. Includes text: "Perfumes, Cosmetics, Soaps, Goggles, Bags, etc. 43 Rue Richer, Paris. Tel. 01-266 5284."

National Airlines daily nonstop leaves London for Miami at 10.40. It's the best way to make great connections.



By the way, our 10.40 departure time from London is perfect for making easy connections from most major cities on the Continent. And on National, you fly with movies* and stereo*. For reservations, call your travel agent or National Airlines.

National Airlines To the Sunshine States of America. National Airlines 81 Piccadilly, London W1, 01-629-8272. Wiesenhüttenplatz 26, 6 Frankfurt/Main, 23 21 01. 102 Champs Elysees 75—Paris 8. 225 64 75, 256 25 77.

*Movies and stereo by In-Flight Motion Pictures, Inc. Available at nominal charge. National Overseas America Express, Barclaycard, Carte Blanche, Diners Club, UATP. C.O.D. card only.

Weekly Report: 29 GIs Slain

SAIGON, July 15 (UPI)—The U.S. Command said today 29 Americans were killed in battle in Vietnam last week and 179 wounded.

It brought to 45,373 the number of U.S. soldiers killed or Vietnamese battlefields since Jan. 1, 1961, and to 55,026 the total of Americans dead from combat and non-hostile causes.

It was the highest U.S. combat death toll in six weeks despite lack of battle action. The higher toll was the result of 13 fatalities carried over from previous week's fighting.

Six previously listed as missing and seven others who died from wounds.

Nine other Americans died last week from non-hostile causes.

Saigon Force Ends Drive In Cambodia

SAIGON, July 15 (AP)—The bulk of a 1,500-man South Vietnamese task force pulled back to South Vietnam yesterday from a fruitless, one-week drive into eastern Cambodia.

They left behind about 500 troops to man a newly opened artillery and patrol base a few miles inside Cambodia in the Parrot's Beak sector.

During the operation, the base force failed to make any significant contact with Communist units and was hampered by flood conditions in the Parrot's Beak area of paddies and marshes.

They had hoped to trap a 400-man North Vietnamese regiment believed to be in the area as well as uncover enemy arms and supply caches.

Several small caches were found but otherwise the operation proved uneventful.

Air Raids Stopped

SAIGON, July 15 (UPI)—The U.S. command today reported a resumption of heavy air strikes on South Vietnam's northern quarter.

Field reports said, meanwhile that South Vietnamese engineers had finished rebuilding Phnom Penh, a mountain-top outpost near the Demilitarized Zone, overran briefly June 23 by the North Vietnamese.

PHNOM PENH, July 15 (UPI)—The Cambodian government yesterday asked for the death penalty for two sons of deposed Prince Norodom Sihanouk, charged with political murder and collaboration with the enemy.

They sat passively in a packed Phnom Penh military courtroom when charges against them were read, and the death penalty demanded.

Prosecution and defense lawyers agreed the trial would last at least three days.

One of Sihanouk's sons, Prince Norodom Ranariddh, 25, was convicted last April 8 of high treason and is serving a 10-year jail sentence on that charge.

The other, Norodom Ranarath, 27, a former University of Phnom Penh lawyer, has been under house arrest since last Dec. 21 for his alleged terrorist activities.

Prosecution sources said that Ranariddh was in charge of finances for a terrorist organization and that he delivered about \$1,000 from a Chinese businessman in the Cambodian capital to his accomplices.

Phone Strike Sabotage in U.S. Charged

Rail Walkout Planned Today on Two Roads

WASHINGTON, July 15 (UPI).—Sabotage, including a firebombing and cable-cutting, was charged today on the east-to-west strike against the Bell telephone system.

Meanwhile, the United Transportation Union went ahead with plans to go on strike against at least two railroads tomorrow despite industry threats to fire thousands of workers and cut the pay of others.

This afternoon the government summoned top rail management and union leaders to conferences in Washington with Labor Department officials tonight.

There were few if any signs of a cooling in other labor disputes which have killed tens of thousands of workers in the country.

A half-million telephone workers were in the second day of their strike against the American Telephone and Telegraph Co. The Illinois Bell Telephone Co. announced it has cut off negotiations with electrical workers because of "vicious and insane" acts of violence.

Large Areas Cut Off. The company said large areas of Lake County in northern Illinois were cut off from telephone service because of sabotage. Five separate cables were cut near Libertyville, the company said, and three junction boxes were burned out.

Also in Illinois, two men were arrested in connection with the "bombing" of a telephone company garage at Elgin which caused an estimated \$50,000 damage.

A bullet was fired through the window of the home of a company official in the Elgin area and a rock was hurled through the window of the home of another official.

The mass walkout by 500,000 Communications Workers of America had little effect on normal telephone service, except for delays when calling information or operator-assisted calls.

In a cross-country check, there were delays up to two-and-a-half minutes to reach an information operator with lesser delays for operator-assisted credit card or person-to-person long distance calls.

As the deadline for a rail strike which would cut most of the nation's railroads down to a minimum, the railroad industry placed a newspaper advertisement charging a strike would be "unnecessary... senseless."

"You Can't Afford It." "The railroad industry can't afford it," the advertisement said. "The national economy can't afford it. You can't afford it."

The 180,000-member union said it will strike the Union Pacific and Southern Railway tomorrow. The union also wants to strike the Chicago and Northwestern Railway, but a federal judge has issued an injunction preventing that walkout until July 23. A court hearing will be held on the injunction.

Tennis Table Is Protest Prop

SAN CLEMENTE, Calif., July 15 (AP).—Thirty young people set up a table-tennis table a quarter of a mile from the entrance of the Western White House yesterday to protest what they called "President Nixon's ping pong diplomacy."

The youths identified themselves as members of the Young Americans for Freedom (YAF). They said they oppose admission of Communist China to the United Nations and any diplomatic or economic "exchanges" with it.

"We're challenging President Nixon to come out and play a game of ping pong with some of our members and carry on a discourse in which we would show the President our strong opposition to his ping pong diplomacy," said Dick Shirley, YAF executive director.

New Authority to Junior Officers Will 'Even Make Training Fun'

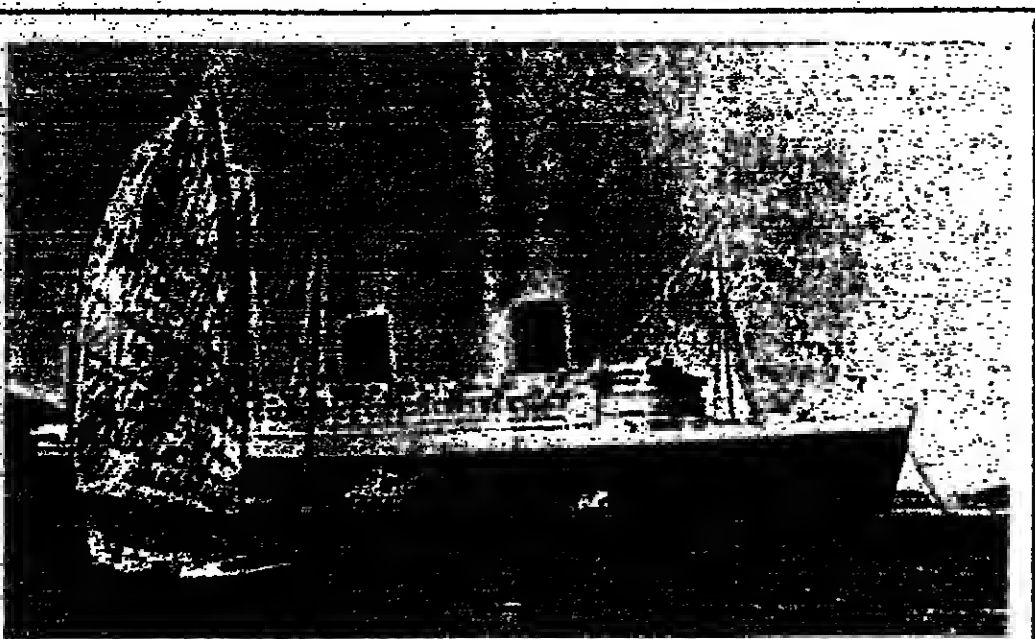
WASHINGTON, July 15 (AP).—A new decentralized Army training policy intended to give field commanders greater authority and responsibility in directing their troops was announced today by Gen. William C. Westmoreland, chief of staff.

He said unit commanders issued by Army headquarters will receive training instructions issued by Army headquarters that are in the form of broad guidelines rather than orders prescribing detailed and rigid training schedules.

The change will not affect recruits undergoing basic training, who will continue to receive mandatory courses and specified hours of instruction.

In a message to commanders, Gen. Westmoreland said: "We must reaffirm our confidence in the dedication, judgment and professionalism of the officer corps by decentralizing the management and conduct of training."

An Army spokesman said the new policy will restore "special trust and confidence in small unit leaders and even make training fun."



MEETING OF THE TWAIN—A Communist Chinese fishing junk passes the \$3,000 ton "floating university," once known as the Queen Elizabeth, anchored off Hong Kong's Lantau Island yesterday. The former ocean liner was bought by a Hong Kong millionaire and will be a seagoing unit of Chapman College, Orange, Calif.

Patman Asks Lockheed to Keep Trying

By Richard Wilkin

WASHINGTON, July 15 (UPI).—Rep. Wright Patman, D. Texas, called on the Lockheed Aircraft Corp. yesterday to furnish "hard evidence" that it had exhausted all other avenues for loans before his committee voted on an administration bill to provide government loan guarantees.

Rep. Patman, presiding over a second day of hearings by the House Banking and Currency Committee, noted that Lockheed had said it still had "substantial collateral" that had not been pledged for any loans.

But a spokesman for the company disclosed later that its original 1968 agreement covering a \$400 million line of credit from a group of 24 banks had stipulated that Lockheed could not use any property or other collateral for other loans.

Patman Move Foreseen. It appeared likely Rep. Patman would explore the possibility of changing the ban on use of remaining collateral for loans from other institutions.

Lockheed's main creditors already have agreed to cede to the government their first lien on Lockheed assets if the government grants their demand for guarantees of an additional \$250 million in loans to the company.

The money is needed to continue development of Lockheed's 300-passenger, L-1011, airplane. If the Airbus program collapses, Lockheed has said, it will be forced into bankruptcy.

The committee has before it the original administration bill that would authorize guarantees of \$250 million in loans to Lockheed. This approach has been broadened in the Senate, where the Banking Committee voted last week to give yesterday for a bill that would allow guarantees of up to \$1 billion in loans, with a \$250 million limit for any one company.

"The railroad industry can't afford it," the advertisement said. "The national economy can't afford it. You can't afford it."

The 180,000-member union said it will strike the Union Pacific and Southern Railway tomorrow. The union also wants to strike the Chicago and Northwestern Railway, but a federal judge has issued an injunction preventing that walkout until July 23. A court hearing will be held on the injunction.

Hughes of Iowa Vetoes Candidacy

WASHINGTON, July 15 (UPI).—Sen. Harold E. Hughes, D. Iowa, said today that he would not be a candidate for the Democratic presidential nomination next year.

Sen. Hughes did not announce support of any other prospective Democratic presidential candidate.

Sen. Hughes was among the first to indicate an interest in the Democratic presidential nomination and has made numerous appearances checking on public sentiment. So far, only Sen. George McGovern, D. S.D., has formally announced his candidacy for the nomination a year from now at the party's convention in Miami Beach.

Kosygin Visits Mongolia

MOSCOW, July 15 (Reuters).—Soviet Premier Alexei Kosygin returned here today after attending celebrations marking 50 years of Communism in Mongolia, Tass news agency reported.

It includes \$1.3 billion for construction of facilities and expansion of student loans and scholarships, \$1.3 billion to cover a third of the cost of a medical education and \$775 million to encourage training in family medicine.

It includes also programs to aid new schools and those in financial distress.

The second bill would authorize \$1.1 billion over three years to nursing schools and students. It increases student nursing loans from \$1,500 to \$2,500 yearly.

Pope Leaves Rome

VATICAN CITY, July 15 (UPI).—Pope Paul VI left the Vatican today for his annual summer retreat at the Alban hill town of Castelgandolfo. Vatican officials said that the Pope would keep up a full work schedule during his summer vacation and continue to give general audiences there.

Nixon Names Envoy

SAN CLEMENTE, Calif., July 15 (UPI).—President Nixon yesterday named Howard E. Mace, 55, director of personnel at the State Department, to be ambassador to Sierra Leone. He will succeed Robert G. Miner, who retired from the Foreign Service.

Senate Sustains Nixon Veto Of Public Works Program

By Spencer Rich

WASHINGTON, July 15 (UPI).—Despite bitter criticism from Democrats, the Senate yesterday sustained President Nixon's veto of a proposed \$2 billion emergency public works program designed to put 200,000 unemployed to work.

A majority of the Senate voted to override, 57 to 38, but this fell five votes short of the two-thirds vote required to enact a bill into law over a presidential veto.

The vetoed measure also authorized \$1.9 billion for general and regional economic development programs and \$1.5 billion for aid to the low-income Appalachian region, but these provisions were not in controversy and probably will be enacted separately later.

Mr. Nixon's June 29 veto message emphasized his displeasure with the \$2 billion emergency public works provision.

He said public works projects have a notoriously long lead-time and thus wouldn't create jobs fast enough to combat current unemployment. Moreover, he said, the measure could have an inflationary impact.

Jobs of Transition. At the time he vetoed the emergency public works measure, the President indicated he would approve another measure providing \$2.5 billion to provide 150,000 to 200,000 jobs for the unemployed in state and local government anti-pollution, health, education and law-enforcement jobs. Mr. Nixon said that was a proper approach to combating unemployment because it gave people jobs that could provide a transition to permanent employment rather than just temporary make-work.

The President last Monday signed the bill providing for jobs in the public-employment sector. Had he not done so, it is doubtful if his veto of the emergency public works bill could have been sustained yesterday.

The Senate vote was along almost straight party lines, with 51 Democrats and only six Republicans opposing the President. Voting to sustain the veto were 35 Republicans and independent Henry Flood Byrd Jr., Va. Not a single Democrat backed Mr. Nixon.

In other action: The Senate approved a \$7-billion aid program for schools and students in the health professions, and tacked on a sex-discrimination ban.

Two bills, one covering nurses and the other for health professionals such as doctors, pharmacists, optometrists and dentists, were passed unanimously.

Sen. Charles McC. Mathias, R. Md., offered the amendment withholding money to schools practicing sex discrimination.

"This will lay to rest the restrictive notion that medicine is a man's profession and nursing is a woman's role," Sen. Mathias said.

The bill authorizes \$5.9 million in federal assistance over the next five years to schools of medicine, osteopathy, dentistry, optometry, podiatry and veterinary medicine.

It includes \$1.3 billion for construction of facilities and expansion of student loans and scholarships, \$1.3 billion to cover a third of the cost of a medical education and \$775 million to encourage training in family medicine.

It includes also programs to aid new schools and those in financial distress.

The second bill would authorize \$1.1 billion over three years to nursing schools and students. It increases student nursing loans from \$1,500 to \$2,500 yearly.

For the man about Europe.

Europa magazine

59 Rue du Prince Royal, Brussels 1050.

Please send to

Tick where applicable

My name and address (if different from above)

Humphrey, Muskie Propose U.S.-Soviet Freeze on A-Arms

By John W. Finney

WASHINGTON, July 15 (UPI).—Two underdog Democratic presidential candidates—Sen. Hubert H. Humphrey of Minnesota and Sen. Edmund S. Muskie of Maine—joined yesterday in a proposal that the United States and Soviet Union enter into a mutual freeze on deployment of nuclear weapons while the two nations seek a strategic arms control agreement.

The initiative for what could develop into a Democratic alternative to the administration's negotiating position in the Strategic Arms Limitation Talks came from Sen. Humphrey as he testified before the Senate foreign relations subcommittee on arms control headed by Sen. Muskie.

Sen. Humphrey proposed that Congress include an amendment in the defense procurement bill placing in escrow all funds for development and deployment of multiple missile warheads—known as MIRVs—for multiple independently targetable re-entry vehicles—while the arms limitation talks proceed. The funds could only be released if the President and Congress jointly decided that deployment of the MIRV warheads was necessary to guarantee the U.S. retaliatory capability.

Sen. Humphrey also announced that he would introduce a sense-of-the-Senate resolution calling upon the President to propose that the United States and the Soviet Union enter into a mutual freeze on deployment of both offensive and defensive nuclear weapons for the duration of the arms talks.

Similar Resolution. A similar resolution was approved by the Senate two years ago only to be ignored by the Nixon administration. This time, there is the important political difference that the initiative for such a resolution is not coming from the Republican side—as was

the case with the 1969 resolution originally sponsored by Sen. Edward W. Brooke of Massachusetts—but from prominent Democrats who are contending for the presidential nomination.

In some ways, Sen. Humphrey stole the march on Sen. Muskie, who had been trying to develop a case for such a moratorium on deployment of MIRVs and anti-ballistic missile systems in his subcommittee hearings.

As Sen. Humphrey unveiled his mutual freeze proposal, Sen. Muskie broke in to observe that it was "comparable" to a suggestion he had made more than a year ago for a weapons moratorium that would be renewed every six months, depending upon Russian observance of the freeze.

Sen. Humphrey initially described the Muskie approach as "cautious" but, later, in a statement taped for the Democratic National Committee, he incorporated the idea of a six-month check period on observance of a weapons moratorium.

With the moratorium proposal, which they eventually joined in endorsing, the two Democrats appeared to be staking out a Democratic alternative, particularly if the administration fails to reach an arms limitation agreement with the Soviet Union.

At one point, Sen. Humphrey observed that he was not trying to be "critical" of the President but rather to "supplement" and "complement" his efforts to reach a SALT agreement.

Mr. Newton, free on \$50,000 bond for the trial—his second on charges in the death of Oakland policeman John Fry in a 1967 shootout—was sent to jail when he would not comply with Judge Harold Hove's order to "sit still and be quiet."

When the court reconvened three hours after the noon outbreak, Judge Hove asked Mr. Newton whether he would promise to remain quiet if the contempt citation was rescinded.

Mr. Newton replied: "Yeah, OK."

The noon disturbance was touched off by the surprise appearance of Dell Ross, 33, a prosecution witness in Mr. Newton's first trial in 1968 who contended then that he could not remember anything about the case.

Mr. Ross told of Mr. Newton carrying a black-handled gun and saying: "I just got me two dudes [men]."

Tornadoes Strike Missouri; 3 Dead

ST. LOUIS, July 15 (AP).—Thunderstorms, hail and two tornadoes struck eastern Missouri last night and early today, killing three persons and injuring 50.

At least 23 persons were injured when a tornado slammed into a trailer park and demolished nine mobile homes. A woman and her two children were found dead in a field 100 feet from the trailer camp, 50 miles south of St. Louis.

More storms were reported to be moving into Missouri from eastern Kansas. Hail stones up to one-half inch in diameter were reported in the area.

Philadelphians Sue the FBI, Claim 'Malicious Harassment'

By Donald Janson

PHILADELPHIA, July 15 (UPI).—Two anti-war groups and 18 individuals sued the FBI yesterday, asking the federal district court here to enjoin an unconstitutional "continuous and malicious harassment" by agents since the theft of FBI files at nearby Media, Pa., in March.

In attempting to solve the case, the FBI has concentrated much of its attention on the Powelton Village section of Philadelphia, where several members of Philadelphia Resistance and the American Friends Service Committee live.

The plaintiffs, these two organizations and the individuals, said in the suit that FBI tactics included physical violence, bribery, threats, illegal searches and seizures, illegal electronic surveillance and wiretapping, denial of the right to counsel during raids and interrogation, and intimidation not only of themselves but of friends, relatives and employees.

At a news conference, Judith Chomsky, known to the plaintiffs as the Media case than they had read in newspapers. She said the FBI appeared to be seeking to create a climate of fear that would stop the plaintiffs and others from continuing to criticize domestic and foreign policy. She is the sister-in-law of Noam Chomsky, professor of linguistics at Massachusetts Institute of Technology, and noted critic of the war.

David Rudovsky, the attorney who filed the suit, said more than 25 witnesses to "illegal harassment" would testify when the case is tried.

Instances cited in the suit ranged from following plaintiffs about Philadelphia afoot and by car to grabbing Jim R. East "around his neck" taking the bearded Powelton Quaker to the FBI office here and then interrogating him for an hour and a half "about his political and social beliefs and association" without informing him of his right to counsel and without then or later filing any criminal charges against him.

Advertisement for L'ARCADE CHAUMET. Text: "for those who ask what's new in Paris". Image: A black and white photograph of a jewelry store window display with various pieces of jewelry. Text: "Just opposite the Ritz. In the heart of the place Vendôme you'll find stunning modern creations with a great signature: Chaumet. Jewels and objects d'art designed in gold and precious stones... thousands of new ideas for her and him from \$50. You'll always be greeted with a smile even if you have just come for a look. At L'Arcade Chaumet everything is so different. Come and browse round the Arcade... it's worth seeing." Address: 12 Place Vendôme, Paris 1, tel. 0737 10.

Advertisement for Hotel Inter-Continental. Text: "We make you feel at home...". Image: A black and white photograph of a hotel building. Text: "... the Irish way! HOTEL INTER-CONTINENTAL". To secure a room instantly at any one of our hotels in Dublin, Limerick or Cork—contact your nearest Inter-Continental Hotel or your local Pan American office. This reservation will ensure every modern amenity including private bathroom, spacious car park, car hire, excellent traveling and many other special services. So when travelling to or from Europe "Stop Off" in Ireland for all that's best in Hotel service. DUBLIN - LIMERICK - CORK.

Advertisement for Chamade perfume. Image: A large, detailed illustration of a perfume bottle with a decorative stopper. Text: "For the man about Europe." "Europa magazine". "59 Rue du Prince Royal, Brussels 1050." "Please send to". "Tick where applicable". "My name and address (if different from above)". "A sample copy, I enclose stamps worth one Swiss franc." "13 issues, I enclose cheque to the amount of 36 Swiss francs or equivalent." "chamade". "GUEBLAIN". "PARIS". "68, CHAMPS-ÉLYSÉES - 2, PLACE VENDÔME - 93, RUE DE PASSY - 29, RUE DE SEVRES".

Advertisement for Michel Swiss. Text: "MICHEL SWISS". "PERFUMES - GLOVES". "BAGS - TIES - GIFTS". "SPECIAL REPORT DISCOUNT". "18 Rue de la Paix - PARIS". "Tel. 01 42 52 52".

Advertisement for Freddy. Text: "FREDDY". "PERFUMES". "GLOVES - BAGS - GIFTS". "10 RUE AUBER, PARIS". "SPECIAL REPORT DISCOUNT". "Phone: RC 74 91".

Advertisement for Europe magazine. Text: "For the man about Europe." "Europa magazine". "59 Rue du Prince Royal, Brussels 1050." "Please send to". "Tick where applicable". "My name and address (if different from above)". "A sample copy, I enclose stamps worth one Swiss franc." "13 issues, I enclose cheque to the amount of 36 Swiss francs or equivalent."

TWO OF CALIFORNIA'S FINEST HOTELS

CLIFF HOTEL
SAN FRANCISCO

Four Hundred Rooms
Seventeen Floors of Fireproof Construction.

Dwight H. Hart, Jr., General Manager

SANTA BARBARA BILMORE
HOTEL AND COTTAGES
MONTICITO, SANTA BARBARA

A Twenty-One Acre Garden Estate Directly on the Pacific Ocean.

Charles W. Sand General Manager
Robert S. Odell, President
Both hotels under same ownership.

Manson Asks to Plead Guilty To Charges in 2 More Killings

LOS ANGELES, July 15 (AP).—Charles Manson asked yesterday to be allowed to plead guilty to two more murders.

Manson, onetime leader of a hippie-style clan, was convicted along with three women followers of murdering actress Sharon Tate and six other persons. The four were sentenced to death.

During jury selection at his trial on charges that he murdered Gary Hinman, a Malibu musician, and a movie stuntman, Donald

(Shorty) Shea, Manson said: "I'll admit I chopped his head off." He didn't identify the victim. Mr. Hinman's head was not cut off and Mr. Shea's body was never found.

After Manson's attorney declined to allow him to plead guilty, the judge asked if he would confer with another attorney about the consequences of doing so. Manson said he would.

Friends in Jail

At another point in the proceedings, Manson turned to news-men in the courtroom and said: "I've advised all my friends in jail to kill all of you."

Mr. Hinman, 34, was slain at his home in July, 1969. Mr. Shea, who lived at the movie ranch that was headquarters for Manson's clan, vanished the following month and is presumed dead.

After Manson asked to change his plea, the judge recessed jury selection so that the defendant could confer with his attorney, Irving A. Kanarek. Manson said that he could not communicate with Mr. Kanarek. A complaint he voiced often during the Tate case, in which Mr. Kanarek represented him.

The case was recessed until today so that Manson could confer with another attorney, who was not named.



Dr. Leonid N. Welichev

Links Found In Chemistry Of Galaxies

NEW YORK, July 15 (NYT).—Observations with a California radio telescope have, for the first time, detected a chemical molecule beyond the Milky Way galaxy, or star system, of which the sun, earth and other planets are a part.

The discovery reinforces the view that chemistry in other galaxies has proceeded along much the same lines as in this one, where it has culminated, at least on earth—in the evolution of life.

The molecule is one of the simplest, being a mating of one oxygen atom with one hydrogen atom. This combination, known as hydroxyl, is unstable in the congested chemical environment of the earth and is called a "radical." The addition of another hydrogen atom, however, converts it into a stable form—water.

The observations, made with radio telescopes of the California Institute of Technology, detected the absorptions of radio energy at wave lengths typical of hydroxyl in emissions from two relatively near galaxies. One is known as M-32 and the other as NGC-253.

The observer was Dr. Leonid N. Welichev, visiting Caltech from the Meudon Observatory near Paris. His findings were reported in the July 15 issue of *Astrophysical Journal Letters*.

Scientists have every reason to believe that physical and chemical processes typical of our galaxy—a spiral system of more than 100 billion stars—also occur elsewhere.

To discover otherwise would be revolutionary.

Since hydroxyl and larger molecules more akin to life's precursors have been detected recently in many parts of this galaxy, it was assumed that they have been formed in other galaxies. However this is the first confirmation of that assumption.

U.S. Bank Head Pays \$50,000 To Ransom Wife

DOZIER, Ala., July 15 (AP).—Two masked men invaded a bank president's house yesterday and held his wife hostage until he paid them \$50,000 he obtained at his bank, authorities said.

Sheriff Ed Merrill and W.A. Merrill, president of the First National Bank of Dozier, found his wife still bound and caged at his home after he deposited the ransom money in a litter barrel near Andolusia, 15 miles north of Dozier.

Mr. Harrell said deputies and FBI agents watched the litter barrel for about three hours after being alerted by bank employees.

When no one showed up for the money, a search of the litter barrel revealed the money apparently had been picked up before deputies arrived.

Sheriff Harrell said Mr. Merrill had gone home about noon and discovered two masked men holding his wife hostage. The men demanded that Mr. Merrill pay \$50,000 for her safe release.

Mr. Merrill then went to the bank, got the money and made the drop as instructed. Mrs. Merrill suffered no apparent physical injuries.

Links Found In Chemistry Of Galaxies

NEW YORK, July 15 (NYT).—Observations with a California radio telescope have, for the first time, detected a chemical molecule beyond the Milky Way galaxy, or star system, of which the sun, earth and other planets are a part.

The discovery reinforces the view that chemistry in other galaxies has proceeded along much the same lines as in this one, where it has culminated, at least on earth—in the evolution of life.

The molecule is one of the simplest, being a mating of one oxygen atom with one hydrogen atom. This combination, known as hydroxyl, is unstable in the congested chemical environment of the earth and is called a "radical." The addition of another hydrogen atom, however, converts it into a stable form—water.

The observations, made with radio telescopes of the California Institute of Technology, detected the absorptions of radio energy at wave lengths typical of hydroxyl in emissions from two relatively near galaxies. One is known as M-32 and the other as NGC-253.

The observer was Dr. Leonid N. Welichev, visiting Caltech from the Meudon Observatory near Paris. His findings were reported in the July 15 issue of *Astrophysical Journal Letters*.

Scientists have every reason to believe that physical and chemical processes typical of our galaxy—a spiral system of more than 100 billion stars—also occur elsewhere.

To discover otherwise would be revolutionary.

Since hydroxyl and larger molecules more akin to life's precursors have been detected recently in many parts of this galaxy, it was assumed that they have been formed in other galaxies. However this is the first confirmation of that assumption.

Bus Wagons Are Criticized In Publication

Consumer Reports Cites Shortcomings

By Carole Shifrin

WASHINGTON, July 15 (WP).—Consumer Reports said yesterday it has rated both Ford and Volkswagen bus wagons as "not acceptable" because they provide "grossly inadequate" crash protection.

In its August issue, the magazine also expresses "grave doubts" about the safety of all bus wagons—panel vans with side windows and extra seats.

"Don't buy one unless you absolutely need all the load capacity they offer," the magazine will tell consumers. It says any of the full-size station wagons it has tested will not perform the bus wagons.

In addition to the VW and Ford Chateau Club Wagon, the magazine tested the Dodge Royal Sportsman, which it rated "conditionally acceptable," and the Chevrolet Beauville Sportsman, which it labeled "acceptable," but with some reservations.

The magazine said testing in handling, braking and acceleration indicated "poor overall performance" for all the tested vehicles.

All four of the buses "rode, handled, sounded and felt like trucks" and on windy days "zigged and zagged when we aimed them straight down the road," the publication said.

CR said the VW's lack of power and acceleration made the vehicle hazardous in normal highway driving. The bus took "an excruciating 33 seconds" to go from standstill to 60 miles an hour, compared to 12 seconds or less for station wagons recently tested, it added.

"No other vehicle" has ever failed its braking test "so quickly or so decisively" as the Ford bus, CR said. You had to brake the Ford hard twice in succession, the second attempt could require pedal effort beyond the strength of many people.

Because of the "poor overall performance" of the buses, CR said, it was especially important that there be enough vehicle structure to protect the occupants in front-end collisions. It was not very happy about what it found.

While full-size sedans have about three feet of structure—including bumper, hood, fenders, and frame—in front of the passenger compartment which would collapse in the event of a crash, CR said the Chevrolet and Dodge buses have only eight to more than 1 1/2 feet, the Ford has less than one foot, and the VW has "a scant half foot."

A spokesman for Volkswagen of America, in Englewood, Cliffs, N.J., said its engineers had designed into the structure of the VW bus "energy-absorbing elements to protect occupants in frontal collisions." The spokesman said the bus complies "with all federal barrier crash standards required for passenger cars," even though the vehicles are exempt from the law.

A spokesman for Ford said the company would be "in a better position" to evaluate CR's complaints after they read the story. Consumer Reports is the magazine of the Consumers Union, a nonprofit organization.



ARMS AND THE MAN—British soldier examines cache of arms captured in Belfast this week: five rifles, 1,500 rounds of .303 ammunition, four knives and three berets.

Mine Industry Nationalized By Allende

SANTIAGO, Chile, July 15 (Reuters).—Marxist President Salvador Allende today nationalized Chile's huge mining industry in which three American companies have an investment estimated at more than \$700 million.

The president carried out the nationalization by signing into law a constitutional reform giving the state the "permanent and inalienable" right to take control of the country's mineral riches.

The law was signed at a ceremony at the presidential palace attended by ministers, armed forces leaders and representatives of congress and the judiciary.

Today's move followed action by the Chilean congress on Sunday when it amended the constitution to allow nationalization of the country's mineral resources, including the giant U.S. copper mines.

Chile is the world's fourth biggest producer of copper, which represents about 80 percent of its foreign currency earnings.

The bill was first presented to congress six months ago by President Allende, who pledged to nationalize the country's mining industry, private banks and monopolies soon after he took power in November last year.

The government of Mr. Allende, the Western world's first freely elected Marxist head of state, is dominated by Moscow-aligned Communists and militant Socialists.

Relations between the United States and Chile currently appear to be reserved on the part of the United States, and the light in which Washington will regard Chile in the future apparently depends on the compensation to be paid to American companies.

Bank of America

In another development yesterday, Alfonso Inostroza, president of Chile's Central Bank, announced yesterday the state has bought out the Bank of America in Chile according to UPI.

(He said that by mutual agreement the amount of the sale will not be revealed until July 31 when the transaction is formally closed.)

In San Francisco, a Bank of America spokesman said the agreement with Chile was "reasonable and satisfactory." UPI said Bank President A.W. Clausen said the agreement would leave the institution "reasonably reimbursed." The bank maintained branches in Santiago, Mollina, Valparaiso, Vina del Mar and Concepcion.

The mining nationalization mainly affects the huge U.S. Anaconda, Kennecott and Cerro Corp., which jointly own the copper mines with state companies.

The three companies claim they have invested up to a billion dollars in Chile. But President Allende has claimed they only actually invested up to \$80 million and have taken out profits of \$1.5 billion.

He cited a report by a French mining company which said Chuquibambilla, the largest open-pit copper mine in the world, was owned by U.S. owners "with only immediate profit in mind."

Catholics Are Urged to Share In Ulster Regime, Not Bolt It

BELFAST, July 15 (AP).—Prime Minister Brian Faulkner today called on Northern Ireland's Roman Catholics to choose between sharing in government or "riot and the fruits of riot—destruction, injury and death."

The prime minister's appeal was an effort to avert a provincial Parliament walkout threatened by opposition leaders for mid-night. The opposition lawmakers have demanded an impartial inquiry into British soldiers' fatal shelling last Thursday of two civilians in Londonderry.

Violence flared anew in Londonderry as Mr. Faulkner told the people of that Catholic center that they could have "all the social and economic benefits of an imaginative development plan for their area, or they can have riot and the fruits of riot," he added: "They cannot have both."

The prime minister said, in a statement, that last month he offered opposition legislators greater participation in governing the province.

"They can have real and effective participation in our affairs, a chance to do genuine, constructive work together," Mr. Faulkner said, "or they can have the instant politics of exploding every issue as it arises without consideration of the long-term effects."

Violence Flares

As Mr. Faulkner's statement was handed to reporters, British troops in Londonderry fired a round of tear-gas shells to disperse a crowd of nearly 50 stone-throwing youths at an embattled army post in the Blighs Lane area.

The troops were protecting a squad of army engineers trying to demolish a row of cottages that had been gutted by rioting and since had been used as bases for nightly assaults on the Blighs Lane post.

Mr. Faulkner appealed to Prime Minister Jack Lynch of the Irish Republic to choose between a relationship of mutual respect for the two parts of Ireland or "a hard-line anti-participation stance." He asked suppression of the Irish Republican Army, an illegal guerrilla group, by Dublin.

The opposition walkout in the Stormont (provincial parliament) hall was called by the six members of the Social Democratic and Labor party and is supported by six other members from the Nationalist and Republican Liberal parties in the 55-seat Parliament.

Allende Throws A Few Lefts at Young Jeerers

VINA DEL MAR, Chile, July 15 (AP).—President Salvador Allende, 63, threw two or three punches at jeering young demonstrators last night before his bodyguards stopped the action, witnesses reported.

Mr. Allende was visiting this Pacific resort town 65 miles west of Santiago, the capital, to coordinate relief operations for last week's earthquake.

Witnesses said Mr. Allende was angered by the jeers, an argument resulted and the president got in a couple of jabs before the bodyguards moved in. Mr. Allende was quoted later as saying it was "an incident without importance."

Eight youths were involved of whom two were arrested by Mr. Allende's bodyguards.

Temper was short in Vina del Mar over a congressional by-election scheduled for Sunday.

East, West Germans Meet Again Monday

BONN, July 15 (UPI).—The next East-West German meeting designed to ease relations between the two states will take place Monday in East Berlin.

East German government spokesman Conrad Ahlers announced.

Egon Bahr, Chancellor Willy Brandt's state secretary, and the state secretary in the East German parliament, Michael Kohl, were to have met July 1. The East Germans, however, asked that the date be changed and have since agreed to Bonn's proposal for July 19, Mr. Ahlers said.

Britain's Money Decimal Only As of September 1

LONDON, July 15 (UPI).—The Parliament today announced the switchover from former pounds, shillings and pence to Britain's new decimal currency will be completed Sept. 1—nearly one year ahead of schedule.

Terence Higgins, minister of state at the Treasury, told Parliament that from Sept. 1 Britain's old carwheel pennies and 12-sided threepenny pieces—worth one U.S. cent and three U.S. cents respectively—will cease to be legal tender.

The British pound now is divided into 100 new pence, each worth 2.4 U.S. cents. The coins now in circulation are in combinations of a half new penny, one, two, five, 10 and 50 new pence.

The old sixpenny (six cents) coin, now worth 2 1/2 new pence, will remain in circulation for at least another two years, the government said. But most have disappeared from general circulation in favor of the new all-decimal coins.

Heroine in Fire That Killed Ten Allegedly Set It

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 15 (AP).—A young nurse, 21, credited with saving several people in a fire at an old folks home last January, has been indicted here on charges of starting the fire herself and of murdering the ten elderly persons who died as a result of the blaze.

Miss Mary Ann Wyatt, 21, was charged by a grand jury with setting the fire. Arson Squad investigators theorized that paper was used to set the blaze.

Miss Wyatt was assisting a nurse in the Westminster Terrace Presbyterian Home Jan. 14 when the blaze was discovered in the early morning near the first-floor infirmary.

The nurses battled intense smoke to save 12 of the 13 patients in the infirmary. The other died of smoke inhalation. Miss Wyatt helped rescue several of these patients.

But in other parts of the home eight more persons died in the fire. A tenth died of pneumonia a week later. Eighty-four residents survived.

After the fire, Miss Wyatt was taken unconscious to a hospital.

A warrant has been issued for her arrest, and officials indicated that no bond would be set.

Chou Sees Hanoi Official

HONG KONG, July 15 (Reuters).—Chinese Premier Chou En-lai conferred last night with Nguyen Duc Trinh, North Vietnamese vice-president and foreign minister, Radio Peking reported today. Observers believe they discussed the new Communist peace plan for Vietnam.

Youth Fares to Rome

NEW YORK, July 15 (AP).—Pan American World Airways has added Rome as a destination for youth fare round-trip flights for \$180.

Brasserie Lorraine
with its flowery terraces (Open until 2 a.m.)
The most pleasant and traditional restaurant of French cuisine in Paris
PLACE DES TERNES * PARIS 8 * 227.80.04

PARIS AMUSEMENTS

20th Century-Fox presents
Little MURDERS
ELLIOTT GOULD DONALD SUTHERLAND LOU JACOBI "LITTLE MURDERS"
FORBIDDEN TO THOSE UNDER 15 COLOR BY DE LUXE

FRANCE ÉLYSÉES (o.v.)
MADELEINE GAUMONT (o.v.)
ST GERMAIN HUCHETTE (o.v.)
STUDIO RASPAIL (n.v.)
CLUB 15 CONVENTION (o.v.)
CYRANO VERSAILLES (n.v.)

SALLE GAVEAU
Monday, July 26, at 9 p.m.
CHOPIN FESTIVAL
Ballad (Jury)—Funeral Sonata
Scherzo—Mazurka—Nocturne
NIEDZIELSKI
Solely: Salle Gaveau, Paris (p.a. 4.000.000)

The Go-Between
with JULIE CHRISTIE
ALAN BATES
COMING EARLY
"...he was caught in that small space between lovers..."

American atmosphere
ERIC CLAVINE
JOHNNY MELLOW
MAURICE RIZEAU
at the 5252
ASCOT BAR
68 Rue Pierre-Charron

LIDO
Nightclub
Special 12 p.m. and 10 p.m. Grand Prix
MINIMUM PER PERSON TAX AND TIP INCLUDED
63¢ 12½ hrs. OR 98¢ 12 hrs.
DINNER-DANCE AT 8.30 P.M.

AAA CARS TOURS TICKETS
PARIS: 9 Rue de la Paix, T. 073-35-08
LONDON: 100 Strand, W.C.2, T. 01-252-2222
ROME: 44 Via Veneto, T. 47092

casino d'enghien
FAMOUS CASINO ON THE LAKE
6 miles North of Paris - Phone 964.08.60
The only select gambling club where ladies are admitted
Theatre
Restaurants
Gd Hôtel des Bains
Phone 964.00.18
Swimming-pool
Thermal Establishment

We can rent your apartment, sell your car, find you a secretary or a new job!

IN PORTUGAL
Rita Amber
IN SPAIN
Ana von Lepper
7 Plaza Conde de Valle de Sutil, 204 Madrid 15 Tel.: 275 3005
IN ITALY
Antonio Sambrotta
55 Via della Mercede 00187 Rome Tel.: 673-437

These International Herald Tribune representatives are friendly, helpful people who'll make it easy for you to place your classified ad. Ask them about cost, timing and the number of insertions when you call or stop in to place your classified ad.

call Trib classified
We do the work. You get the results!



TIERD ELEPHANT—Susie, the pet of Riverside Zoo in Independence, Kansas, got her neck caught in this tractor tire, her favorite toy, and neither she nor park attendants could get it off. A hacksaw and a knife were needed to set her free. But old Susie never lost her temper during the entire ordeal.

Britain Invites Mintoff for Talks on Base

Parley About Royal Navy's Use of Malta

LONDON, July 15 (Reuters).—Britain has invited Maltese Prime Minister Dom Mintoff for talks on revised defense and finance arrangements but has made clear that there can be no prior conditions, Parliament was told today.

In a statement to the House of Commons, the Foreign Secretary, Sir Alec Douglas-Home, said that Prime Minister Edward Heath had renewed an invitation to Mr. Mintoff to come to London to discuss the ten-year agreements reached in 1964.

The British statement followed sudden cancellation of a planned visit to Malta yesterday by the Defense Minister, Lord Carrington, following receipt of a message from Mr. Mintoff.

Soon after Mr. Mintoff's Labor party won power in general elections last month, the new prime minister said that the 1964 agreements—providing for 15 million in annual British payments in exchange for use of defense facilities in Malta—were no longer valid.

'Have Made Clear'
Sir Alec told the House today: "We have made clear to Mr. Mintoff that we have no desire to maintain forces in Malta against the will of the Malta government."

"We have also made clear that we are ready to enter into negotiations at ministerial level, in good faith and without preconditions, with a view to reaching an agreement satisfactory to both sides. We hope that the Malta government will now agree that talks should start on this basis."

Sir Alec said that in a reply to Mr. Mintoff's message last night, Mr. Heath had said that Lord Carrington remained ready to visit Malta. But since Mr. Mintoff said he would have found this visit embarrassing, the British prime minister renewed an earlier invitation that Mr. Mintoff himself or a representative should come to London.

Sir Alec said that a further message had been received from Mr. Mintoff by telephone just before he came to the House.

'It May Be Possible'
"This message holds out a hope that it may be possible to resolve the difficulty between us," Sir Alec added. But he could say no more until Mr. Heath had had a chance to study the text, the diplomacy chief said.

In another development, the British Navy announced that in view of the present circumstances, proposed routine call at Malta today by the guided missile destroyer London had been put off.

But the navy said that this did not mean a general ban on ships visiting the Mediterranean island. These would continue to be considered on a case-by-case basis, it reported.

In Farewell Before Flight to Kinshasa Agnew Calls His Kenya Visit 'Rich and Meaningful'

KINSHASA, Congo, July 15 (Reuters).—United States Vice-President Spiro T. Agnew arrived here today from Nairobi on the third leg of his tour of Africa.

Upon leaving Nairobi, Kenya, earlier today, Mr. Agnew said in a departure statement: "The people of the United States are deeply interested in Africa and the changes that are occurring here."

"Our own heritage helps us to understand some of the problems you are now facing. We too oppose the continuation of systems based on racial discrimination, and we have deep respect for the independence of all nations."

He said: "While here, I have had the opportunity to meet and exchange views with President (Jomo) Kenyatta, Vice-President (Daniel) Arapi Moi, and other Kenyan leaders, and to learn at first hand of the beauty and

pace-setting role of your nation. It has been for me a rich and meaningful experience."

'Unbearable Albatross'

WASHINGTON, July 15 (AP).—The Democratic party National Committee said yesterday President Nixon evidently has decided Vice-President Agnew is "an unbearable albatross" who must be dropped from the Republican ticket in 1972.

The Democrats forecast a political scenario in which Mr. Agnew would announce next spring that he does not want to run again for the vice-presidency.

"And after two years of calculated exclusion, and condemnation by the Nixon high command, Agnew will mean it," the Democratic account said.

Republican National Chairman Robert J. Dole scoffed at the Democratic assertions.

"I don't see any evidence it will be other than a Nixon-Agnew ticket in 1972," Mr. Dole said in an interview. "It may be wishful thinking on the part of the Democrats because of Agnew's strong following in many sections of the country."

Final Decision

But Mr. Dole said the final decision on the 1972 ticket obviously will be made by President Nixon.

The Democrats said Mr. Agnew's role in administration councils has been steadily diminished and called his current 31-day goodwill trip abroad no more than a "round-the-world golfing tour."

The Democratic account called it "a ho-hum, lull-drum journey," and said the trip itself was evidence Mr. Agnew will not be renominated.

The fact is that Richard Nixon set the guidelines for

Agnew's 10-nation junket: The Vice-President shall avoid all diplomatic discussions of importance," the Democrats said.

"While other administration officials are traveling to Saigon, Paris, and Tokyo on real diplomatic business, Nixon's orders to Agnew were clear: don't do anything. Enjoy yourself."

Iran's Ruling Party Retains Its Tight Grip

TEHRAN, July 15 (AP).—Iran's ruling party, Iran Novin, won 230 seats in the Majlis (lower house) and 28 in the senate in Saturday's general elections, according to final figures.

The opposition party, Mardom, won 37 seats in the lower house and two in the senate. Another lower house seat went to an independent.

THE ETERNAL MAGIC OF GOLD THROUGH GREEK ANTIQUITY TO THE PRESENT DAY

ZOLOTAS
la chrysothèque

370 RUE ST-HONORE -
(PLACE VENDOME) - PARIS
742.95.63

Zambia Closes Its University Bolt After an 'Arrogant' Protest

LUSAKA, Zambia, July 15 (Reuters).—Troops and riot police closed Zambia University today in the government's response to an unprecedented student challenge to President Kenneth Kaunda, and his policy on foreign arms sales to South Africa.

Troops with fixed bayonets ringed the campus, on the outskirts of Lusaka, at 4 a.m. as police entered dormitories and roused the 1,500 students from their beds. They were told to get dressed and pack their bags.

39 Ultraleftists Jailed in Turin

TURIN, July 15 (Reuters).—Thirty-nine left-wing extremists were sentenced yesterday to jail terms ranging from 20 days to two years and five months for violence against police during a street demonstration here last May.

The trial, which began on June 3, took place under heavy police guard and ended with supporters of the accused singing the "Internationale" and the "Red Flag" and making the clenched-fist salute.

The 39 sentenced were among 56 arrested May 29 after a demonstration by about 1,000 supporters of the extreme left "Lotta Continua" (Permanent Struggle) group erupted in hours of bitter fighting in the center of the city, during which 29 policemen were injured, eleven were acquitted, and six minors were pardoned by the court.

Week-Old Ban

Mr. Kaunda banned anti-French demonstrations a week ago after 2,000 students stormed the French Embassy and clashed with riot police in Calce Road—Lusaka's main thoroughfare—sending shoppers running for cover.

The students' letter led yesterday to pro-Kaunda demonstrations in several parts of the country. In Lusaka the ruling United National Independence party demanded the closing of the university and 500 of its members set out to march on the campus. They turned back when confronted by students with staves, bricks and bottles.

Mr. Kaunda's supporters were especially angered at the students' reference to secret exchanges that the president, a foe of apartheid, had recently had with South African Prime Minister Jon Vorster.

Although, according to Zambian documents, Mr. Kaunda rejected suggestions by Mr. Vorster that they begin a dialogue, the students wrote: "You have in the past communicated with the enemy. Does it not occur to you that you are asking too much of us and of the Zambian nation as a whole by saying we leave things to you?"

A government announcement today said that the ten student leaders who wrote the "arrogant and highly insulting letter" would not be allowed to resume their studies when the 5-year-old university is opened again on Aug. 30.

U.S.A.

4,954 lire

round trip

from Italy.

It's an easy trip to make. Whether you're in Europe for business or pleasure, family or friends in America are closer than you think.

And the cost is low...by telephone. For example, 4,954 lire for a three-minute, paid, station-to-station call from Italy. The same call from Spain is only 474 pesetas. From France, 36.90 francs. These rates are approximately \$6.75 in U.S. money. Check the local operator for availability of lower night and Sunday rates and rates for other types of calls.

Calling the U.S.A. is the next best thing to being there... and it's the cheapest way to get there.

Fish Killed in Saône

LYONS, France, July 15 (AP).—About 40 tons of dead fish have been removed from the Saône River by firemen, police and soldiers. Investigators believe that chlorine dumped into the river near Neuville-sur-Saône poisoned the fish.

There is only one...

The Cheapest Perfume in the World

JEAN PATOU
PARIS

Money
Only
tember
15 (UPI)
summit
former
to Br
erency
1—new
bedule
s. minis
Treasur
from Sm
twined
spanny
cent and
tively—
r.
ound no
new peac
eds. The
are in 45
new peac
50 new
ny tax
1.2 new
ulation
years, but
but most
general
the net

Fight for Bengali Autonomy May Be Gaining Momentum

The following dispatch is by a correspondent of The New York Times who was expelled from East Pakistan on June 30.

By Sydney H. Schanberg
NEW DELHI, July 15 (NYT).—The resistance fighters in East Pakistan have been increasing their hit-and-run attacks on small West Pakistani Army units and police stations.

As in most insurgencies, only a small percentage of the people are active participants or combatants, but the overwhelming majority of the 75 million East Pakistanis seem to be at least passive resisters.

The Pakistani Army's usual tactic against a guerrilla raid is swift reprisal against the civilian population in the area. While this has made some villagers reluctant to hide and shelter guerrillas, it does not seem to have produced widespread civilian resentment against them.

Though most of the resistance activity has been concentrated in border areas—where the Bengalis can strike and slip quickly back to sanctuaries in India—the insurgents are widening their area of operations. Guerrillas have recently carried out several raids in and around Dacca, knocking out power supplies, attacking an ordnance factory and damaging a plant that was converting motor launches into gunboats for the army.

Dacca's electric power was knocked out over the July 4 weekend in a dramatic raid demonstrating the guerrillas' ability to make forays into the heart of the province and cause considerable trouble.

The rebels slip into Dacca and other towns regularly to recruit men with needed skills—radio technicians, engineers, a cross-dressing pilot. The explosions of grenades and homemade bombs were everyday sounds in major towns as the insurgents attempted to kill collaborators and frighten off potential ones.

The heaviest action has been in the eastern border districts of Sylhet, Comilla and Noakhali, especially in the latter two. There the guerrillas were able to keep the vital road and rail links between Chittagong and Dacca severed.

Some demolition work has been done, and Pakistani officers contend that it could only be the mark of experienced Indian sappers. The West Pakistani generally believe they are fighting India, not Bengali insurgents.

In the tense border areas, the troops are on combat alert, as if in defense against an invasion. The Pakistani troops, said to number 70,000 to 80,000, seem to be spread thin for the dual job of occupation army and combat force to deal with the insurgency. Guarding the 1,350-mile border with India is in itself a mammoth job.



HOT CAR—The car of the mayor of the Italian town of Reggio Calabria burning yesterday, after being set afire by rampaging youths. Rear, a crowd looks on.

Youths Attack Socialist Office in Calabrian City

REGGIO CALABRIA, Italy, July 15 (AP).—A crowd of youths sacked the Socialist party headquarters here and burned the mayor's car last night on the first anniversary of fierce riots here. Last year Reggio exploded in a revolt against civic authorities that continued until autumn.

Citizens were protesting against the national government's choice of Catanzaro as capital of the Calabria region.

An anniversary commemoration of the outbreak of rioting included a mass for the first person killed in July 1970, Ugo Labate, a railroad worker. Several thousand persons attended the mass. Afterward, a procession degenerated into the attack on the Socialist office.

Israel Asks 80,000 Tourists Not to Come

By Peter Grose
JERUSALEM, July 15 (NYT).—Israel tourism authorities have asked nearly 80,000 prospective foreign visitors not to come during the next two months because of a lack of adequate hotel space.

Hanoch Givon, director general of the Ministry of Tourism, said yesterday that the number of foreign visitors so far this year is 77 percent higher than last year—313,000—with several thousand arriving daily. Nearly 100,000 are expected to arrive this month alone.

The United States remains the largest source of tourists arriving in Israel, 35 percent of the total number. France has long been in second place.

3 Die in Blast On Danish Ship

GOTHENBURG, July 15 (Reuters).—At least three dockworkers died and many more were injured when an explosion in a forward hold set ablaze a Danish cargo boat in Gothenburg Harbor today, police said.

The explosion in the 9,500-ton Pooma, which was carrying chemicals and was being loaded with paper, rocked the city and shattered windows in the vicinity. Police said the death toll was likely to rise.

The blast pushed the boat away from the docks, hampering rescuers' efforts to get on board. Almost an hour after the explosion, the ship was still blazing fiercely.

Only Half Are Jews

The general reduction of tension in the Middle East, following agreement on a cease-fire last August, is obviously the main reason for this year's increase in tourism. But a large number of visitors—particularly young people—seem to display a marked curiosity for Israel itself, the society and the Holy Land, regardless of the political factors.

Mr. Givon said that only about half the tourists arriving these days are Jews. The biggest increases in tourists arriving—up 50 percent over last year—are from Scandinavia, the Netherlands and West Germany.

Mr. Givon said that according to the Ministry of Tourism, the number of tourists arriving in Israel, 35 percent of the total number, France has long been in second place.

Anglican Synod Votes For Methodist Union

YORK, England, July 15 (UPI).—The General Synod of the Church of England has taken the first step toward eventual union with the Methodist Church, voting provisionally in favor of the move, by 207 to 152 votes.

Following a debate yesterday, the three houses of the Synod eventually each produced a majority in favor of the 1968 scheme of unity.

Speaking to an ABA section on labor relations law, U.S. Secretary of Labor James D. Hodgson predicted Congress will play an increasing role in labor disputes because arbitrators no longer fear congressional intervention.

U.S. Blacks Lose Ground, ABA Is Told

LONDON, July 15 (UPI).—Black Americans are in a worse position today than they were 35 years ago, the president of the Legal Defense and Education Fund for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP) told the American Bar Association (ABA) today.

William T. Coleman Jr., a Philadelphia lawyer, said the blacks had won great court victories over the past three and one-half decades.

Mr. Coleman said statistics showed schools, particularly in the north, are much more racially segregated than before. Citing examples of black schoolchildren whose test scores went down the longer they attended segregated schools, Mr. Coleman said the schools "instead of being teaching-and-learning devices are now destructive devices."

Mr. Coleman said that according to minority groups in America, "if you want to understand how Americans—majority be (Nixon) hopes—feel about crime, war, justice and race, don't bother with an opinion survey or a Foreign Office briefing. Simply listen to the President and you are listening to the voice of many Americans today."

Also revived for the first time in four years are Mediterranean cruises on international liners stopping at both Beirut and Haifa.

Ask for one of the world's great whiskies.



Ask for Canadian Club at your favourite bar or liquor store. This smooth Canadian Whisky is known throughout the world.

Canadian Club
"The Best In The House" in 87 lands

THE FINEST PERFUMES & GIFTS, ALL IN ONE SHOP:

HELENE DALE

7 Rue Scribe, Paris-9e. Phone: 073-92-60.

EXPORT DISCOUNT ON THE SPOT

JUST ARRIVED

NEW COLLECTION FROM **CHLOE**

VERITY "Prêt-à-Porter" Boutique

SPECIAL DISCOUNT FOR ALL VISITORS 22%

106 Av. Victor-Hugo, PARIS-XVIIe. — 727-56-86.

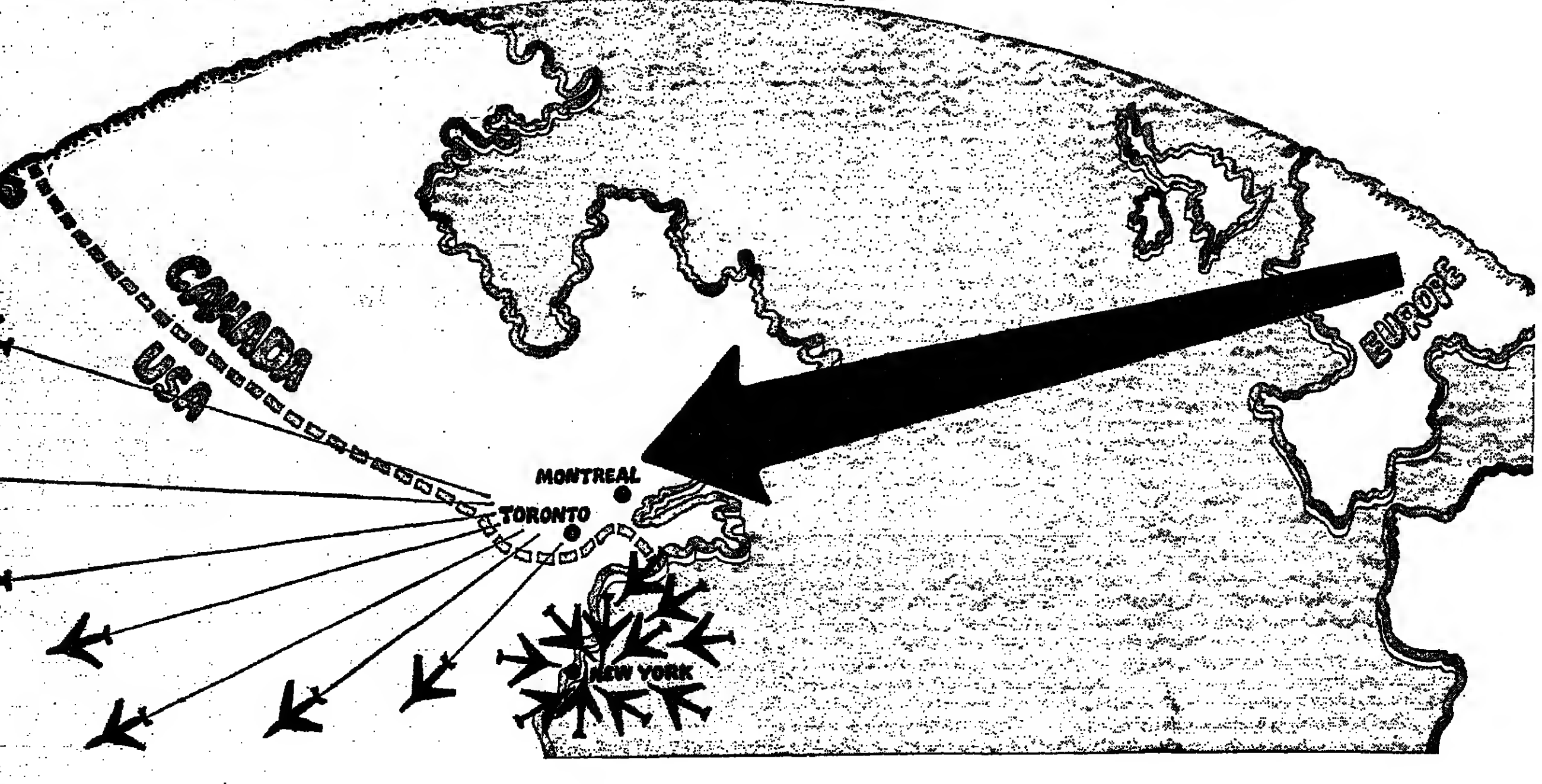
If you are not going to New York, why go to New York?

When you fly to any where in the USA beyond New York, with many airlines you have to make a connection somewhere. But did you know you needn't make it in the US? Did you know, for instance, that to most US cities, flying via Canada is the shorter route? This is where Air Canada can help you. Air Canada flies from 11 European cities to Montreal and Toronto—two remarkably clear, uncongested airports. And we can connect you to over 60 US cities. Few people know that making a

United States connection from Montreal and Toronto can be as easy as walking from one jet to another! We save you time—and trouble. Canada's airports are modern, efficient, clean. Canadians are helpful and friendly. We don't put you on buses to shunt you from terminal to terminal. You stay right in the same building while you complete your US customs and immigration formalities, to save you time when you get to the United States.

Fly Air Canada, and you'll get the best service a big, friendly airline can offer. Plus 747s from London, Paris and Frankfurt. But remember, the choice is yours. The hustle and bustle of New York, or the clear blue skies of Canada.

AIR CANADA



MUSIC IN LONDON

The Winning Beverly Sills

By Alan Blyth

LONDON, July 15 (IHT).—The audience at London's Festival Hall last evening for Beverly Sills' operatic recital applauded at the end of her program until the prima donna—dressed in white—had to come out and say she hoped she would be invited back again next year.

"The Barber of Seville," treated superficially with a garland of ornaments that overlaid Rossini's already decorated line. It was the old Galli-Curci style of doing the aria, without quite her ease of diction and anyway we have learned that this is not the way to sing Rossini. The audience, however, loved every moment of it. Then we had Bellini—Juliet's limpid cavatina from his "The Capulets and the Montagues." Here Sills was at her most affecting, spinning out her line easily and purely with the sympathetic support of the London Symphony Orchestra under John Richards, who began the program with a warm account of Mozart's 34th symphony.

Beverly Sills, who was cheered by the audience at London's Festival Hall.



rather than exciting evening. Sills is an accomplished, efficient artist, no doubt of that, she knows exactly what she wants to do with her music and has the means to fulfill her wishes. What I find missing in her interpretations is that moment when you hold your breath and get quite

carried away with some entirely individual piece of vocalization or expression. That is surely what has distinguished the greatest prima donnas from Malibran to Callas and it is a quality I—but obviously not many other of her cheering fans at the Festival Hall—miss in Sills.

U.S. Orchestras: Too Expensive for Records

By Donal Henahan

NEW YORK (NYT).—Three years ago, with much fanfare and covert crossing of fingers, Angel Records signed the Chicago Symphony to what was proclaimed as a trend-defying contract. The European company hoped to show, officials said, that a great symphony orchestra could still be recorded at a profit in this country in spite of steeply rising costs and falling classical sales.

"There is something utterly wrong. American musicians' unions will finally achieve the point where nobody will record anything."

Chicago, Mr. Covey went on, was that "in the middle of our contract the musicians' union raised the recording rate." At the current rate, a company must pay each player \$95 a three-hour session, which means about \$30,000 in musicians' fees for the three sessions required to record the average symphonic disk.

observers believe was a disastrously high price. That contract has two years to run.

The orchestra musician's situation is made more serious by the fact that, according to recording executives, it is the star conductor who sells nowadays, not the star orchestra. With a Leonard Bernstein, a Solti or a Zubin Mehta under contract, a company can make a record with virtually any orchestra in the world and be sure of doing well. Increasingly, that is exactly what the record companies are doing.

3 Orchestras

At the moment, three leading American orchestras still have contracts with European labels. The Boston Symphony records for Deutsche Grammophon Gesellschaft, under William Steinberg and his young assistant, Michael Tilson Thomas. London Records produces disks with the Los Angeles Philharmonic as well as the Chicago Symphony. But the former orchestra picks up a sizeable part of the recording cost.

Europe

Recording costs in Europe, always much lower, have not risen nearly as steeply as those in the United States.

Mr. Arons pointed out recently that a London Symphony musician gets \$15 a day for making records while the American gets \$95 for each three-hour session. Because of that disparity, a firm such as Angel can engage a famous European orchestra and easily produce an entire disk for as little as one-sixth the American cost.

Angel produced nine disks with the Chicago orchestra, under three conductors: Carlo Maria Giulini, Seiji Ozawa and Daniel Barenboim. Six have been re-released. According to John Covey, Angel's director of artist relations, sales were fair, but drastic changes in recording economics recently have made a quicker return on such investments imperative. "It simply takes too long now to get your money back," he said.

One of Angel's major hurdles in

In Italy: The Return of the North Carolinians

By William Weaver

SIENA, Italy (IHT).—The North Carolinians are back. Every summer for the past four years, that state's School of the Arts has brought dozens of young music students—and a part of its faculty—to Siena, where the Americans work in collaboration with the city's prestigious Accademia Chigiana.

It is an exciting and rewarding enterprise, and last week I had the pleasure of seeing it in action.

First at Montale (population under 3,000), in the lovely 14th-century church of Sant'Agostino, the full orchestra of 75—average age well under 20—played a Rossini overture, William Schuman's "New England Triptych" and, after an interval, the Shostakovich Fifth. Though the orchestra had assembled only a few weeks earlier, conductor Nicholas Harnsmyl, artistic director of the school, had meticulously fused his youthful forces into an excellent organization, with a distinct sound and with enormous verve. The

concertmaster, Michèle Makaraki, who enters her senior year in high school in the autumn, is already a more than promising artist.

The concert was enthusiastically received, but in a way, what happened after the concert was almost as fascinating. In the great cloister of the church, the local authorities served dinner to the whole group: pizza, Tuscan beans, and (for the elder members) the celebrated local wine, Brunello (IHT, June 6). The musicians suddenly turned into irresistible goodwill ambassadors.

church of the Pieve to hear four harpists and a flautist play an unusual program ranging from Bach to Debussy and Salzedo.

Again the reception was enthusiastic; the five girls who played the program (one was only 13) were feted, given souvenir scrolls and examples of the local ceramic work, a traditional craft of the village. For the townspeople it was an event that will long be remembered: for the visitors it was a moving sample of Tuscan hospitality.

Outside of the major centers, live music is a rarity in Italy. The North Carolinians are bringing it in abundance and on a high level.

EDUCATION DIRECTORY

FRANCE
SPEAK FRENCH IN 8 WEEKS
While vacationing on the French Riviera
SPEECH FLUENCY achieved in beautiful setting by full-day or half-day immersion in all-French-speaking environment with specially trained teachers using the proven Institut de Français audio-visual methods.

ENJOY LEARNING FRENCH
Small classes. Intensive and part-time throughout the year. Language laboratory. Club. Also training courses for teachers of English or French.

COURS DE CIVILISATION FRANÇAISE DE LA SORBONNE
Summer courses: 3 sessions: July 5-Aug 17; July 23-Sep 3; July 29-Aug 13.
Accelerated session: September 1-October 9.

SPAIN
EXPLORERS CAMP
Member American Camping Association
Boys and Girls 8-14
2nd Period starts July 24; \$260.
Information: Mrs. E. Bagney, Director, Murguía, Alava. Tel. No. 8

THE AMERICAN JUNIOR COLLEGE OF BARCELONA
Enrollment extended through August 31st for the freshman year commencing September 20th, 1971.

KING'S COLLEGE. English School in Spain.
Primary and Secondary Education. Kindergarten. Boarders and Day Pupils. Swimming Pool. Gymnasium.

AMERICAN COMMUNITY SCHOOL PALMA DE MALLORCA
Small classes, expert teachers, excellent instruction in a happy atmosphere. Field excellent educational results. Grades 1-12. Intensive University entrance preparation. For information please write to: Apartado 28, Palma de Mallorca, Spain.

GERMANY
UNIVERSITY OF OKLAHOMA
RUSSIAN LANGUAGE AND SOVIET AREA STUDIES
Intensive language and intermediate Russian, advanced Russian, 1st and 2nd, history, political science and sociology courses. Study Tour to the U.S.S.R. Four semesters, Sep. 1971-1974, Dec. 1974, 1975, 1976, 1977.

INTERNATIONAL FINISHING SCHOOL BOYENSTEIN
Well-known Recommendation
Home Economics Social & Cultural Instruction Riding Instruction in our own Riding School and breeding farm. Optional: Languages Business Course, Physical Education.

HOLLAND
The American School of The Hague
Grades Nursery through 8 - American Curriculum
Parkweg 8, The Hague, Netherlands. Tel: 070-540768

The American International School of Rotterdam
Kindergarten through Grade 8 - American Curriculum
Nieuwendijkstraat 21, Rotterdam. Tel: 010-222321

THE International School of Amsterdam
Kindergarten through Grade 10 - American curriculum
Verhulststraat 77a, Amsterdam. Tel: 020-721213

ITALY
ST. STEPHEN'S SCHOOL - ROME
American independent non-sectarian co-educational day and boarding school in Rome. Experienced faculty offers sound college-preparatory program, grades 9-12 and a post-graduate year of unusual opportunities. Living and learning in a wellspring of Western civilization.

THE AMERICAN JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL IN ITALY
A boarding school for boys.
Sound college preparatory program. Optional conditions for individual students. Healthy surroundings. Also 2 1/2 week summer recreational and tutoring programs.
BARILO, Costiera Amalfitana, Italy. Tel: 081209

GREAT BRITAIN
1971 TAYMOUTH CASTLE SCHOOL 1972
ABERFELDY, PERTHSHIRE, SCOTLAND.
HERRINGSWELL MANOR SCHOOL
BURY ST. EDMUNDS, SUFFOLK, ENGLAND.
Co-Educational Boarding - American curriculum. Vacancies available for 1971-72. Grades 7 thru 12.

SCHILLER COLLEGE
GERMANY - FRANCE - SPAIN - ENGLAND
American Liberal Arts College in Europe
A.A., B.A., M.A. degree programs, coeducational, excellent faculty-student ratio, U.S. transfer credit. Special programs leading to Bachelor of Fine Arts and Bachelor of Music degrees.

AUSTRIA
GLORIA FELIX SCHOOL, LECK-ARLBERG
Excellent normal study program (strict American curriculum), 4th-10th grade, coed boarding, limited to 40. Distinguished home atmosphere in beautiful location. 3 months full training, summer sports, culture trips. Intensive language courses. Accommodation facilities for visiting parents. Write for prospectus. SCHNIEBER CAMP program.

LUXEMBOURG
AMERICAN EDUCATION IN LUXEMBOURG
AMERICAN COLLEGE
* AS and AA degrees
* Transfer credit
* University level staff
* Low student-staff ratio.
Telephone: 68584.
52, Av. des Bains, Mondorf-les-Bains, LUXEMBOURG.

SWITZERLAND
THE INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL OF GENEVA
(Founded 1924)
Is a coeducational day school with about 1,500 pupils of over 50 nationalities and includes a boarding section for 60 boys and girls. Preparation is given for the INTERNATIONAL BACCALAUREATE, American College Board and Swiss Maturité.

AMERICAN COLLEGE OF SWITZERLAND
In French-Swiss Alps, Above Lake Geneva. Coed. Boarding.
STUDENTS
FACULTY
CREDITS
DEGREES
TRAVEL
ACTIVITIES
ENVIRONMENT
Write American College of Switzerland, 1054 B. Leysin, Switzerland.

A SUMMER PROGRAM FOR CHILDREN OF MANY NATIONS
ages six to twelve
LE CHATEAU DES ENFANTS
Two sessions: June 28 to July 28 - July 28 to August 23. A wealth of valuable learning experience offers in addition to French language instruction, tennis, swimming, dancing, soccer. Lessons in English available. Excursions. Central supervision by trained, dedicated French and American staff. Campus near Lugano. Sponsored by The American School in Switzerland.

SWITZERLAND
TASIS
The American School in Switzerland
Lugano
M. CRIST FLEMING
Director
Meets highest American academic standards. Coeducational. Small classes, rigorous college preparation. College testing and guidance. AP courses. Outstanding experienced faculty. Coordinated extracurricular activities. Well equipped facilities. Boarding and day. American 2nd and 8th grade program. Applications invited from European ages 12-18 for American college preparation. Write: Director of Admissions-TASIS, 6926 Montagnola-Lugano. Tel: Lugano 2 89 84

FRANKLIN COLLEGE LUGANO
American two-year liberal arts college. A.A. degree program. Research labs. Member American Ass'n Junior Colleges. Affiliated Institute for European Studies as a special program emphasizing contemporary European affairs. Write to: Director of Admissions, Franklin College, 6902 Lugano, Switzerland.

U.S.A.
Cardigan Mountain School
Canaan, New Hampshire 03741
Grades six through nine
Preparing boys for selective senior schools in America and in Europe. Lakeside location in the ski area of the White Mountains.
For information write to the school or telephone Paris: BAB. 87-27.

LEARN COMPUTERS IN THE U.S.A.
IBM PROGRAMMING SYSTEM/360 COURSE #449
IBM KEY PUNCH OPERATORS COURSE #149
WE INVITE COMPARISON COMMERCIAL PROGRAMMING UNLIMITED
853 BROADWAY (Cor. 14 St.) N.Y., N.Y. Y2 2-6800

SCHOOL AND CAMP DIRECTORY
This brochure will be mailed to you, free of charge, simply by writing to:
Mr. John White, Classified Advertising Manager, International Herald Tribune, 23 Rue de Berli, 15 - PARIS-6E, France.

Bundesbank Slashes Dollar Price Again

FRANKFURT, July 15 (AP)—The West German central bank sharply cut its dollar selling price for the second straight day, sending the dollar down to a new low on the foreign-currency market today.

French Panel Would Ease Capital Rules

PARIS, July 15 (AP)—A government-appointed committee today called for an easing of fiscal restrictions and foreign-exchange controls for nonresident holders of French shares as a means of broadening the Paris capital market.

U.S. Treasury Attacks Plan To Trade Gold

WASHINGTON, July 15 (AP)—The Treasury said today that plans announced by the West Coast Commodity Exchange to open trading in gold futures violates the Gold Reserve Act of 1934.

Japan's Surplus Dropped in June

TOKYO, July 15 (AP)—Japan had an estimated balance-of-payments surplus of \$980 million in June, sharply below the record \$1.19 billion surplus reported in May, but also a large increase from the \$48 million surplus a year earlier, the Finance Ministry reported today.

U.K. Metric D-Day

LONDON, July 15 (UPI)—The target date for the introduction of metric units as the basis of freight charging by British port authorities was announced today as Jan. 1.

Banker Backs Government Aid

WASHINGTON, July 15 (UPI)—William Henry Moore, the 56-year-old chairman of the Bankers Trust Co., is a banker on the spot. Today he testified before the House Banking and Currency Committee, saying that the government should guarantee \$300 million in additional loans to the Lockheed Aircraft Corp. to allow it to build its L-1011 TriStar airplane. Bankers Trust is a principal creditor of the company.

Connally Sees 'Strength' in 2d Quarter

WASHINGTON, July 15 (UPI)—Treasury Secretary John P. Connally said today that the nation's economy showed "great and broad strength" in the April-June period.

Early Rally Fails, N.Y. Prices Close Mixed

NEW YORK, July 15 (NYT)—A brisk market rally in leading issues ran out of fuel today. The Dow Jones industrial average, ahead 4 1/2 in the morning, finished at 888.87 with a loss of 2.26. Initially, the recovery benefited both from the market's burst of strength late yesterday and hopes for a cease-fire in Indochina. But the Communists failed to respond constructively to what was described as a new approach aimed at untying the Vietnam peace conference.

Banker Backs Government Aid

WASHINGTON, July 15 (UPI)—William Henry Moore, the 56-year-old chairman of the Bankers Trust Co., is a banker on the spot. Today he testified before the House Banking and Currency Committee, saying that the government should guarantee \$300 million in additional loans to the Lockheed Aircraft Corp. to allow it to build its L-1011 TriStar airplane. Bankers Trust is a principal creditor of the company.

A Lockheed Creditor on the Spot

WASHINGTON, July 15 (UPI)—William Henry Moore, the 56-year-old chairman of the Bankers Trust Co., is a banker on the spot. Today he testified before the House Banking and Currency Committee, saying that the government should guarantee \$300 million in additional loans to the Lockheed Aircraft Corp. to allow it to build its L-1011 TriStar airplane. Bankers Trust is a principal creditor of the company.

Chase Manhattan Net Drops 5% in Quarter

NEW YORK, July 15 (UPI)—Chase Manhattan Corp. parent company of New York's second largest bank, reported a sharp deterioration in its profitability during June and a decline in the second quarter.

People are making money speculating in stamps

NEW YORK, July 15 (UPI)—The American Stamp Exchange, a New York City-based company, reported today that it had received orders for stamps worth more than \$1 million in the first five months of this year.

DMJ Dreyfus Management International Ltd.

DMJ Dreyfus Management International Ltd. is a London-based investment management firm. It has managed the assets of several prominent investors, including the British Royal Family and the British Overseas Airways Corporation.

Connally Sees 'Strength' in 2d Quarter

WASHINGTON, July 15 (UPI)—Treasury Secretary John P. Connally said today that the nation's economy showed "great and broad strength" in the April-June period.

Early Rally Fails, N.Y. Prices Close Mixed

NEW YORK, July 15 (NYT)—A brisk market rally in leading issues ran out of fuel today. The Dow Jones industrial average, ahead 4 1/2 in the morning, finished at 888.87 with a loss of 2.26.

DMJ Dreyfus Management International Ltd.

DMJ Dreyfus Management International Ltd. is a London-based investment management firm. It has managed the assets of several prominent investors, including the British Royal Family and the British Overseas Airways Corporation.

Connally Sees 'Strength' in 2d Quarter

WASHINGTON, July 15 (UPI)—Treasury Secretary John P. Connally said today that the nation's economy showed "great and broad strength" in the April-June period.

Early Rally Fails, N.Y. Prices Close Mixed

NEW YORK, July 15 (NYT)—A brisk market rally in leading issues ran out of fuel today. The Dow Jones industrial average, ahead 4 1/2 in the morning, finished at 888.87 with a loss of 2.26.

DMJ Dreyfus Management International Ltd.

DMJ Dreyfus Management International Ltd. is a London-based investment management firm. It has managed the assets of several prominent investors, including the British Royal Family and the British Overseas Airways Corporation.

DMJ Dreyfus Management International Ltd.

DMJ Dreyfus Management International Ltd. is a London-based investment management firm. It has managed the assets of several prominent investors, including the British Royal Family and the British Overseas Airways Corporation.

DMJ Dreyfus Management International Ltd.

DMJ Dreyfus Management International Ltd. is a London-based investment management firm. It has managed the assets of several prominent investors, including the British Royal Family and the British Overseas Airways Corporation.

DMJ Dreyfus Management International Ltd.

DMJ Dreyfus Management International Ltd. is a London-based investment management firm. It has managed the assets of several prominent investors, including the British Royal Family and the British Overseas Airways Corporation.

DMJ Dreyfus Management International Ltd.

DMJ Dreyfus Management International Ltd. is a London-based investment management firm. It has managed the assets of several prominent investors, including the British Royal Family and the British Overseas Airways Corporation.

DMJ Dreyfus Management International Ltd.

DMJ Dreyfus Management International Ltd. is a London-based investment management firm. It has managed the assets of several prominent investors, including the British Royal Family and the British Overseas Airways Corporation.

Connally Sees 'Strength' in 2d Quarter

WASHINGTON, July 15 (UPI)—Treasury Secretary John P. Connally said today that the nation's economy showed "great and broad strength" in the April-June period.

Early Rally Fails, N.Y. Prices Close Mixed

NEW YORK, July 15 (NYT)—A brisk market rally in leading issues ran out of fuel today. The Dow Jones industrial average, ahead 4 1/2 in the morning, finished at 888.87 with a loss of 2.26.

DMJ Dreyfus Management International Ltd.

DMJ Dreyfus Management International Ltd. is a London-based investment management firm. It has managed the assets of several prominent investors, including the British Royal Family and the British Overseas Airways Corporation.

DMJ Dreyfus Management International Ltd.

DMJ Dreyfus Management International Ltd. is a London-based investment management firm. It has managed the assets of several prominent investors, including the British Royal Family and the British Overseas Airways Corporation.

DMJ Dreyfus Management International Ltd.

DMJ Dreyfus Management International Ltd. is a London-based investment management firm. It has managed the assets of several prominent investors, including the British Royal Family and the British Overseas Airways Corporation.

DMJ Dreyfus Management International Ltd.

DMJ Dreyfus Management International Ltd. is a London-based investment management firm. It has managed the assets of several prominent investors, including the British Royal Family and the British Overseas Airways Corporation.

DMJ Dreyfus Management International Ltd.

DMJ Dreyfus Management International Ltd. is a London-based investment management firm. It has managed the assets of several prominent investors, including the British Royal Family and the British Overseas Airways Corporation.

DMJ Dreyfus Management International Ltd.

DMJ Dreyfus Management International Ltd. is a London-based investment management firm. It has managed the assets of several prominent investors, including the British Royal Family and the British Overseas Airways Corporation.

NEW HIGH YIELD
7.18%

British-American Bank

INVESTMENT SURVIVAL THRU GOLD STOCKS?

Market Indicators Digest

Aluminum Co.	1971	1970
Revenue (millions)	125.5	132.1
Profits (millions)	23.4	30.8
Per Share	1.06	1.40

DMJ Dreyfus Management International Ltd.

Objective: Maximum growth of capital. INVESTMENT POLICY: To seek securities in markets where economic conditions appear to offer above average growth opportunities within a stable political and social environment.

INVESTMENT SURVIVAL THRU GOLD STOCKS?

Market Indicators Digest

Aluminum Co.	1971	1970
Revenue (millions)	125.5	132.1
Profits (millions)	23.4	30.8
Per Share	1.06	1.40

Solve this problem!

INFLATION-6%
with
INCOME-5%
equals
CAPITAL LOSS-1%

DREYFUS
INTERCONTINENTAL INVESTMENT FUND

New York Stock Exchange Trading

Table of New York Stock Exchange trading data, including columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume.

Table of international stock market data, including columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume.

ATLAS COPCO FRANCE advertisement, detailing the company's operations and management.

Bank Widemann & Co. AG advertisement, listing services and contact information.

Offshore Fund and Bank Investors advertisement, discussing investment opportunities.

How Does Your Money Grow? advertisement, promoting investment services.

Advertisement for the Republic of Panama, featuring floating rate serial notes due 1973 to 1976.

Advertisement for the Republic of Panama, detailing financial and banking services.

Advertisement for Euromedico S.A., a Luxembourg-based company.

Advertisement for First General Resources Company, a public company established in 1922.

Large advertisement for Hilton International hotels, listing various locations and contact information.

New York Stock Exchange Trading

Main table containing stock market data, including columns for stock symbols, prices, and trading volumes. Includes sub-sections like 'New Highs and Lows' and 'New Jones Averages'.

U.S. Commodity Prices

Table of U.S. Commodity Prices listing various goods like wheat, corn, soybeans, and cotton with their respective prices and market status.

SOYBEAN MEAL

Table of Soybean Meal prices for different grades and quantities.

One Dollar

Table titled 'One Dollar' listing various international currencies and their exchange rates against the US dollar.

Market Summary

Market Summary table providing a snapshot of various market indices and stock prices.

Advertisement for A.E. Ames & Co. announcing the election of a new Board of Directors, listing names like R. E. Bellamy, J. P. McGrath, and W. G. Bannan.

Advertisement for 'New Highs and Lows' and 'New Jones Averages' with a list of stock symbols and their performance metrics.

Large financial report for A.E. Ames & Co. Limited, including a 'Combined Summary of Financial Position' as of March 31, 1971, with detailed asset and liability statements.

American Stock Exchange Trading

Table of American Stock Exchange trading data, including columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume. Includes sub-sections A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y, Z.

Table of international stock exchange trading data, including columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume. Includes sub-sections A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W, X, Y, Z.

Morgan Guaranty Trust Company

OF NEW YORK

Consolidated statement of condition June 30, 1971

Assets section of the consolidated statement of condition, listing various asset categories and their values.

Liabilities section of the consolidated statement of condition, listing various liability categories and their values.

Reserve For possible loan losses \$ 117,811,515

Capital accounts section, listing capital notes and equity capital.

Capital stock, \$25 par value (9,123,400 shares) 228,055,000

Surplus 336,500,000

Undivided profits 209,186,379

Total equity capital 773,771,379

Total capital accounts 970,771,379

Total liabilities, reserve, and capital accounts \$13,286,183,637

Assets carried at \$1,002,337,694 in the above statement were pledged as collateral for borrowings...

Member, Federal Reserve System, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation

Offices Paris: 14, Place Vendôme and 123, Avenue Charles de Gaulle

New York, London, Brussels, Antwerp, Frankfurt, Düsseldorf, Zurich, Milan and Rome (Banca Morgan Wollwiler S.p.A.), Tokyo, Nassau

Representative offices in Madrid, Beirut, Sydney, Hong Kong, São Paulo, Caracas

Toronto Stocks

Closing prices on July 15, 1971

Table of Toronto stock closing prices, listing various stock symbols and their prices.

Mutual Funds

Closing prices on July 15, 1971

Table of mutual fund closing prices, listing various fund names and their prices.

Montreal Stocks

Closing prices on July 15, 1971

Table of Montreal stock closing prices, listing various stock symbols and their prices.

European Gold Market

July 15, 1971

Table of European gold market prices, listing various gold-related items and their prices.

Foreign Stock Index

Today's Percent Change

Table of foreign stock index data, listing various international stock indices and their percentage changes.

American Stock Exchange Trading

Table of American stock exchange trading with columns for stock symbols, prices, and changes. Includes sections for 'Continued from preceding page', 'U', 'U-V', and 'W-Y-Z'.

Table of international bonds traded in Europe, listing various bond issues, their prices, and yields.

International Bonds Traded in Europe

Detailed table of international bonds with columns for bond name, price, and yield.

THE DREYFUS OFFSHORE TRUST N.V. Participating Debentures due July 15, 1974, will pay interest at 7 1/2% for period July 15, 1971 to January 14, 1972.

REAL ESTATE & BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES AGENTS. OLD ESTABLISHED WHISKY COMPANY (1946). Require agent to sell Scotch Whisky for capital appreciation.

INTERNATIONAL FUNDS ADVERTISEMENT

Table of international funds with columns for fund name, assets, and performance metrics.

MILLIONAIRES: Life's short. Reach next league through judicious promotion of mass advertising.

FOR SALE. High altitude coffee plantation in Ecuador, South America, 200,000 trees at 4,500 feet.

PORT GRIMAUD/Var/France. 42,000 sqm (= 10 acres) or half of it (permission for one house on each).

FOR SALE - OUTSTANDING OPPORTUNITY IONIAN SEA ISLE OF ZAKYNTHOS (ZANTE) GREECE. Beautiful historical island with sandy beaches.

LAUSANNE, SWITZERLAND. For sale, marvellous property with luxurious modern house, overlooking Lake of Geneva.

PARIS. Theatre, large ballroom, or meeting hall. 10,000 square feet minimum wanted on long-term lease.

MADEIRA. Quinto house beautifully restored, outskirts FUNCHAL, four bedrooms, three bathrooms.

IS THIS THE WORLD'S EASIEST MONEY? Who says that you have to sweat and strain to wind up with a fortune?

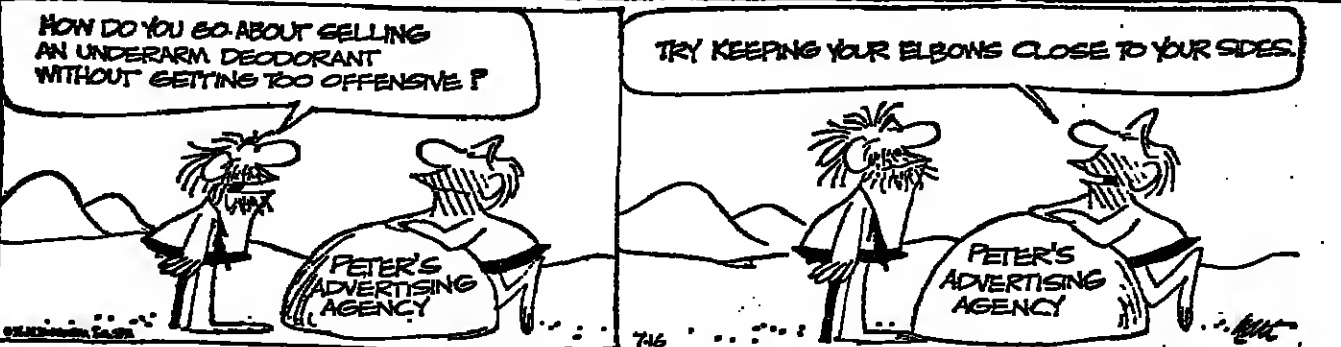
Seagram's V.O. Canadian. Order it instead of your usual whisky. Just once. And you'll be back for more. Why? Because anyone who appreciates fine whisky appreciates a smooth drink.

Airlines. Audience-conscious airlines place more advertising in the Herald Tribune than in any other European newspaper.

PEANUTS



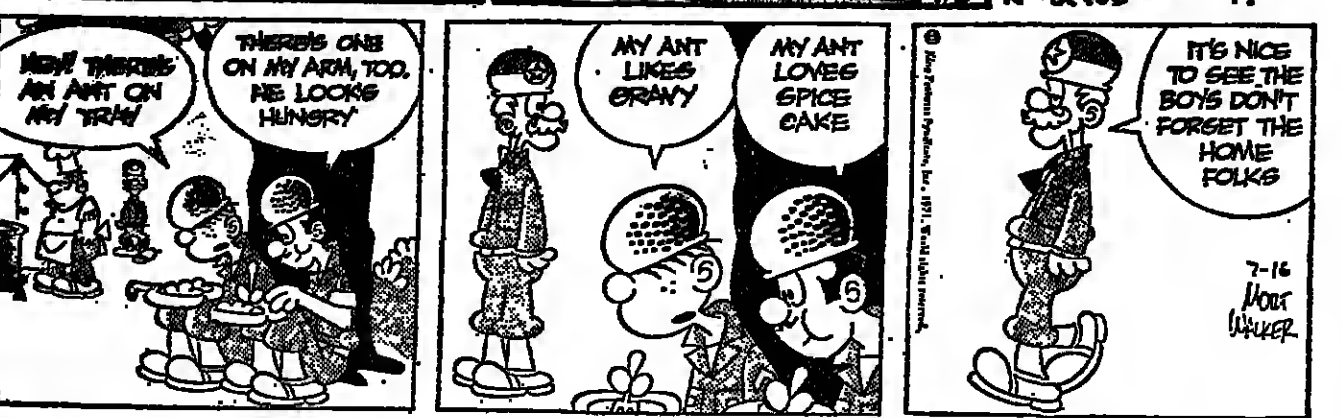
B.C.



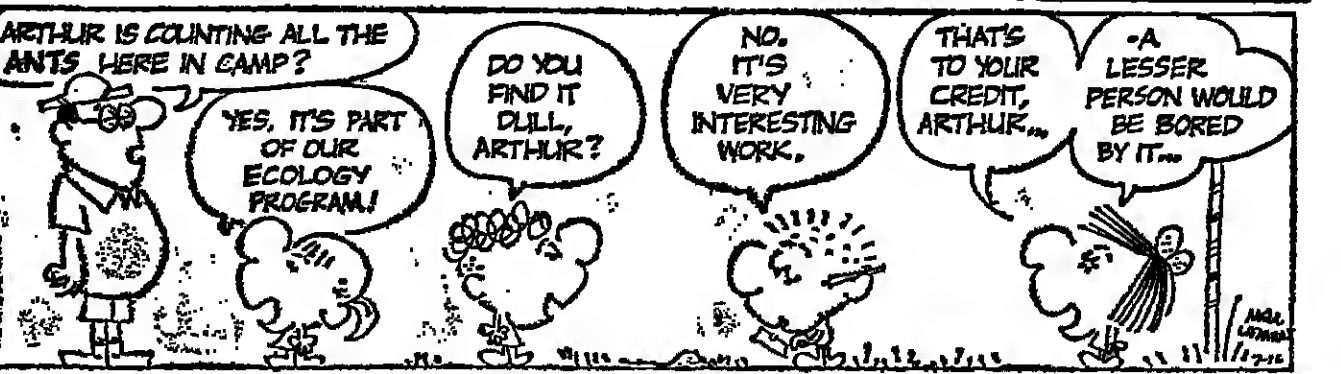
WILABNER



BEETLE BAILEY



MISS PEACH



BUZ SAWYER



WIZARD of ID



REX MORGAN M.D.



POGO



RIP KIRBY



BLONDIE

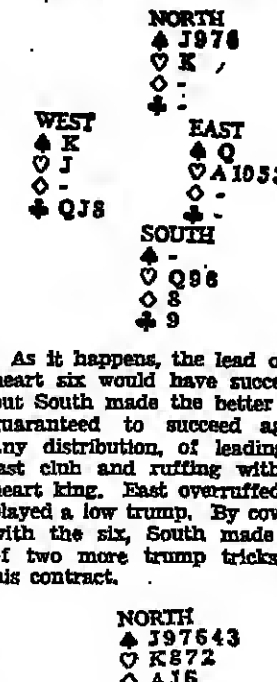


BRIDGE

By Alan Truscott

South opened with one heart on the diagramed deal, an action that would horrify those who object to four-card major opening bids and cause raised eyebrows among those who make such bids only if the suit is strong. There is a lot to be said for methods that permit a four-heart fit to be located immediately, for such fits are often lost if the opponents are active in the bidding. In this case, the heart fit is far from easy to uncover if South opens one diamond, as many would, and West bids two or three clubs.

When East had to follow to the third round of clubs, the prospects brightened. A spade ruff left the lead in the closed hand in this position:



Solution to Previous Puzzle

CUTOFF USSR WIAH ANOMIE BALLE LIE MARINA OVIES WIP BUTTERFLIES SITY ATTAR HUISTERSIP BEENA ROUNO ORCA BEBOS ULLO SIEAR ESTD STEREOTAPE FRICA ENCODIES MALACONIENT UBTI LEW THECROP RAIG FUME USABICE ETH ETTER SPRIETR DEIT ESTS EIVESTON

Both sides were vulnerable. The bidding: South West North East 1 ♠ 3 ♣ 4 ♠ Pass Pass Pass Pass West led the club king.

DENNIS THE MENACE



JUMBLE

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

Jumble puzzle grid with words VOYIR, ENLAK, LEMAFE, UNGELP and a cartoon illustration of a man with a sign that says 'A PERSON WHO'S AIMING TO BE ON STAGE SHOULD FOLLOW THIS DIRECTION.'

BOOKS

BIOGRAPHIC DICTIONARY OF CHINESE COMMUNISM, 1921-1965 By Donald W. Klein and Anne B. Clark. Harvard, 1,196 p. Two volumes, \$30.

NAGEL'S ENCYCLOPEDIA GUIDE-CHINA Conces. 1,504 pp. Illustrated. \$19.95.

Reviewed by Stanley Karnow

If the Chinese authorities grant you a visa tomorrow—which, in these days of ping-pong diplomacy, is not beyond the realm of possibility—your luggage ought to contain two essential books: "Nagel's Encyclopedia Guide" to China, published in 1968, and the two-volume "Biographic Dictionary of Chinese Communism" by Donald W. Klein and Anne B. Clark. Their combined weight is roughly eight pounds, but they contain the most exhaustive collection of information currently available about places and people in a land that must, to Americans, seem to be a vast blur.

The "Biographic Dictionary" is not a "Who's Who" of the state, but a series of carefully researched, readable essays that bestow human reality on more than 400 Chinese Communist leaders known mainly to newspaper readers as unpronounceable names. The entry devoted to Mao Tse-tung, though only 77 double-column pages in length, is a case in point. In addition to narrating the basic details of his extraordinary life, it provides some insight into the factors that shaped his personality and his revolutionary career. Also described are his struggles for power against his internal Communist party rivals over the years, which put into perspective the cultural revolution, his recent and probably final effort to eliminate his political adversaries.

One facet of Mao's experience, underlined in the "Biographic Dictionary," was his remarkable capacity for survival through some of the stormiest decades in modern history. His second wife, his sister and one of his brothers were executed by Chiang Kai-shek's Nationalists. Another brother died fighting as a guerrilla. His oldest son, a pilot, was killed in action during the Korean war. The "Biographic Dictionary" records with some delicacy that Mao "set up housekeeping" with his present wife, Chiang Ching, after his third wife went off to the Soviet Union for medical treatment in 1957. Donald Klein is a research associate at Columbia University, and Anne Clark was formerly a China specialist in the State Department. Besides consulting a massive array of literature in Chinese, English and Russian, they interviewed scores of sources who were personally familiar with their subjects. Tins Chen Yi the Chinese foreign minister, comes through as a man of considerable intelligence and wit who is fond of good food, poetry and chess.

Covering as it does the years until 1965, the "Biographic Dictionary" does not include many of the Chinese Communist figures who came to the fore during the cultural revolution. Except for a brief reference to her in Mao's biography, for example, there is nothing on his fascinating wife, Chiang Ching. Nor do the volumes contain an entry on Wang Kuang-mei, the equally fascinating wife of Liu Shao-chi.

CROSSWORD

By Will Wen

- ACROSS 1 Asian antelope 6 Increased efforts 12 Sport featuring "Touché" 14 Ceremonial candelabrum 16 Friendship on a high level 18 Tree 19 Hot wind 20 Marsh elder 21 Type 23 Protégé of Nicholas Nickleby 24 Brand 25 Old region of Asia Minor 27 Solution: Abbr. 28 Brownish color 29 Ankle injuries 31 Lake near Tahoe 32 Think 33 Prompting 34 Certain Burgundies 36 Oregon river 38 Shotgun, for one 39 Hundredweight: Abbr. 40 Record 42 Short and long 43 Fetters 45 Spanish river 46 Decree 47 Parkas 49 Servicemen's mess 50 Household gods 53 Gas used as fumigant 54 Small thorn 55 Teacakes 56 Facing a glacier's path DOWN 1 Photoelectric cells 2 Seeing man as focus of the universe 3 Dick Burton's milieu 4 Cotton machines 5 Naysayers 6 Outer garments 7 Nez 8 Loosen 9 King: Fr. 10 Mayflower 11 Save from fire, 12 Palace event 13 Pertinent 15 Gang word for a pistol 17 Leks, leva and bahis 22 Large game fish 23 Alpine range 28 New Orleans pro 28 Nightclub 30 Incumbents 31 Horse color 33 Short sleeps 34 Silver and copper 35 Lawyers, in France 36 Excalibur, for one 37 Tibbits 39 Beldams 41 Slack 43 Empty 44 Straw beehives 47 "It's a... tell..." 48 In a... (upset) 51 Central American tree 52 Year, in Madrid

Crossword puzzle grid with numbers 1-56 indicating starting positions for words.

Ashe Bows To Barthès In Tennis

Unstrung Richey Loses to Gimeno By Mark Asher WASHINGTON, July 15 (UPI)...

Ali's Training for Ellis Is Mainly Tub-Thumping

By Shirley Povich WASHINGTON, July 15 (UPI) - A couple of weeks ago the dispatches from his Chicago training camp reported Muhammad Ali had been knocked down by Eddie Brooks...



ON THE ROPES—Muhammad Ali takes break from training Wednesday at Houston.

RED SMITH Baseball: Blue and Blades

DETROIT, July 15.—In the fourth inning Johnny Bench went to bat for the second time. He had already delivered two runs with a thunderous shot into the upper deck...



Red Smith

Pan-Am Games Face Inflammable Situation

By Reece Smith CALI, Colombia (UPI)—The Olympic torch being held here by relay runners is not the only combustible contribution from Mexico City...

Major League Standings

Table showing National League and American League standings with columns for team, wins, losses, and percentage.

Quarterback Landry of Lions Says He's Playing Out Option

By William N. Wallace NEW YORK, July 15 (UPI)—Final arrangements, which have a major bearing on owners and players in recent years...

Grandmaster Larsen III

DENVER, July 15 (UPI)—Chess grandmaster Bent Larsen of Denmark became ill yesterday, forcing postponement of the fifth game of a ten-game series against Bobby Fischer...

Trevino Turning Serious

CHICAGO, July 15 (AP)—Lee Trevino, on the hottest streak in recent golf history, turned serious yesterday as he sought to add the Western Open title to his growing list of crowns...

Cubs Edge His On 6 Runs 4th

CHICAGO, July 15 (AP)—Back-to-back triples led the Chicago Cubs to a 6-4 victory over the Philadelphia Phillies in the fourth of a four-game series...

Advertisement for Jolie Madame Miss Balmain Monsieur Balmain featuring a woman's portrait and text: 'A gift of elegance and prestige. VENT VERT JOLIE MADAME MISS BALMAIN MONSIEUR BALMAIN'.

Advertisement for Pierre Balmain featuring a woman's portrait and text: 'LES BARRIERS PIERRE BALMAIN PARIS'.

Advertisement for Casino Wiesbaden featuring a roulette wheel and text: 'Roulette Baccara Daily from 3 p.m. Casino WIESBADEN RESTAURANT-BAR'.

Advertisement for Classified Advertisements with sections for 'SITUATIONS WANTED', 'SITUATIONS OFFERED', and 'DOMESTIC SITUATIONS'.

PEOPLE: Philadelphian, 94, Beats Off Muggers

Oliver Van Baskirk, of Philadelphia, is becoming an expert on 'crime in the streets'—and also a menace to muggers. Oliver has been robbed on the street eight times in the past four years, and for obvious reasons. He is 4-foot-11 inches tall, 94 years old, and uses a cane. Oliver was walking to City Hall to pay \$243 in school taxes. He had the money safely hidden in his clothing. Two teenage boys saw him shuffling across a street picked him for an easy mark, knocked him down, and took 80 cents from his pocket. Oliver went into action with his cane, not giving the youths a chance to look for the \$243. I really gave one of them a good shot he isn't likely to forget. Oliver said after receiving hospital treatment for two cuts on his forearms. Oliver figures, though, his walking days are numbered. "The only thing I have to do to pass the time is take a walk," he says. "But you just can't take the chance no often. It's not safe to walk the streets anymore."

A Staunch Conservationist Then People Were Scoffing

no destroy the birds' food supply and habitats. The world's cemented over, where will they go? Betty Werther... Colette called it "Le Parc Zoologique de Clères." Anyone visiting the Parc Zoologique de Clères, 15 miles north of Rouen, France, would agree. The Clères River widens into a lake and is fringed by a park garden and there 9,000 birds of 590 species, most rare and many elsewhere extinct, live freely in harmony with nature, with some 180 mammals and with man. Ostrich-like rheas from the South American Chaco strut about jocularly as if they were mounted. Across the lawn, crown and demoted cranes move gracefully on still legs. On and around the lake, exotic waterfowl tend their young or waddle among the flocks of flamingos. A pair of gibbons lives year-round on a small island; up the slopes leading to wooded areas, a troop of blackback antelopes from India cavorts. Most comical are the dama and Bennett wallabies from Tasmania, many now carrying babies in their pouches. These jump along the garden paths, then hop off as some regal blue or white peacock lets out a shrill cry. Overhead in the giant beech and chestnut trees, parrots chatter and fly about. A center of attraction for ornithologists and naturalists ever since it was started as a private collection in 1920, opened to the public ten years later. Clères is probably one of the most important assemblages of living birds in the world, particularly in its waterfowl and pheasant colonies. It is the labor of love of Dr. Jean Delacour, naturalist, botanist, conservationist and internationally known ornithologist. A descendant of Lafayette, Dr. Delacour, now 80, began collecting birds when he was 10. By 15, he had one of the most important collections then in existence at his family's country home at Villers-Bretonneux. During World War I, French Gen. Ferdinand Foch set up his high command in the Delacour chateau. "I remember coming home," recalls Dr. Delacour, who, at the time, was a young lieutenant, "and finding Foch discussing strategy with my chief of staff, Gen. (Maximilien) Weygand, my aviator. Foch liked to say jokingly, 'I leave this world, I want to be reincarnated as a bird in this marvelous aviary. They all look so happy here.'" The Villers estate was completely destroyed during the Battle of the Somme. Dr. Delacour set out to rebuild his collection and fell upon Clères with its spacious park and its delicate L-shaped chateau in the Gothic flamboyant style. In the tradition of the 19th-century private collectors, a species he thinks is extinct, Dr. Delacour's aims were scientific. But he was equally motivated by a sense of beauty in all living things. He wanted to see birds and animals living as freely as possible among trees and plants, forming a harmonious whole," he says. And so, painstakingly and gradually, he eliminated troublesome or destructive elements. Some of the more fragile tropical birds, like the exquisite Andrias, South American hummingbirds, pittas, toucans and cocks of the rock, are kept in newly planted cages within the chateau itself. Other birds fit out of doors among thick foliage in vast aviaries designed by Dr. Delacour as Italian Renaissance or Japanese gardens. In another part of the domain, the chief veterinarian has set up breeding pens, experimental incubators and a full-size infirmary. A pair of the four-volume study "Waterfowl of the World" and an equally erudite "Pheasants of the World," as well as a dozen other scholarly works and hundreds of articles, Dr. Delacour had set up the Paris and Rome zoos. He took part in modernizing the Bronx Zoo from 1952 to 1960 he was director of the department of history, science and art of Los Angeles County. None of these responsibilities kept the indefatigable naturalist from spending several months a year exploring the four corners of the earth. The area he perhaps knows best is also the one most painful to evoke. With a little beak attached in the end of his cherry-wood walking stick, Dr. Delacour roots out a weed and reminisces about Indochina, where he led seven scientific expeditions during the period 1923 to 1938. "I can hardly bear to think about what's going on out there," he says. "The most devastated areas used to be the richest in the world for game birds—pheasants and partridge of the most marvelous variety. I am sure that with deforestation and all the other rubbish, most of these like Reinhart's with its magnificent five-foot tail, or the brilliant blue Edward's pheasant, are now extinct." A staunch conservationist when most people were still scoffing, Dr. Delacour was one of the founders of the International Council for Bird Protection and served as its president from 1938 to 1939. "We did a great deal about controlling the feather trade and enacting protective legislation," he says, "but then came insecticides and demographic explosion. We now destroy the birds' food supply and their habitats. Once the world's cemented over, where will they go? I would say there are ten times fewer birds today than 20 years ago. Why, you can see this with the naked eye." Despite a sharp sense of humor, manifested in contagious guffaws, Dr. Delacour is not optimistic about the future of humanity. "I doubt very much," he says, "that there will be any life on earth in, say, a hundred years. You don't really need much more pollution of air and water to finish the job. People are beginning to awaken to the situation, but it may be too late. All the same, we can't act as though it is. We must go on doing what we can. "Man must reduce his needs, but how can you get him to give up cars and other luxuries without a bloody revolution? Still, if we don't succeed, he will die violently anyway. Animals kill each other when food is lacking." Driving through hectic Paris traffic, Dr. Delacour shrugs his shoulders again. "When I lived in Paris near the Parc Monceau as a child," he says, "I used to visit my grandmother in her 'country' house in Neuilly. It took 45 minutes by horse and carriage. Now it takes the same time during rush hour. So, I ask you, where's the progress?"



Dr. Jean Delacour on the grounds of the Parc Zoologique de Clères. Louis Deau.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS. Includes sections for: ANNOUNCEMENTS, SHOOTING, INVESTIGATION SERVICES, AMERICAN & ENGLISH BOOKS, PERSONALS, TAX-FREE CARS, TAX-FREARS, ALL NEWARS, TAX-FREE CARS, EURO-BIKE, FRENCH CONVERSATION, TEACHING ENGLISH, INTERNATIONAL HOUSE, FRENCH CONVERSATION, EDUCATION, PERSONNEL WANTED, REAL ESTATE FOR SALE, EXECUTIVE JOB FOR PERSONAL ASSISTANT, AIR-INDIA AIR-HOSTESSES, TURN TO SPORTS PAGE FOR MORE CLASSIFIEDS, PLACE YOUR CLASSIFIED AD QUICKLY BY CONTACTING A CONVENIENT OFFICE, SHORTHAND-TYPIST, GREAT BRITAIN, SPAIN, ITALY, HOLLAND, GERMANY, GREAT BRITAIN, SPAIN, ITALY, HOLLAND, GERMANY, GREAT BRITAIN, SPAIN, ITALY, HOLLAND, GERMANY.

كلمة من الأهل